

UNITED STATES AIR FORCE IERA

Update AF-EMIS for Hazardous Material Data Entry - Phase I and 2 McChord Air Force Base, Washington

Pacific Environmental Services, Incorporated 560 Herndon Parkway, Suite 200 Herndon, Virginia 20170-5240

July 2000

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Air Force Institute for Environment, Safety and Occupational Health Risk Analysis Risk Analysis Directorate Environmental Analysis Division 2513 Kennedy Circle Brooks Air Force Base TX 78235-5123

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ACRONYM AND ABBREVIATION LIST

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AFB Air Force Base

AF-EMIS Air Force Environmental Management Information System

AFI Air Force Instruction

AFOSH Air Force Occupational Safety and Health

AMC Air Mobility Command

Avg. Average

BE Bioenvironmental Engineering
BEI Biological Exposure Index

BEF Bioenvironmental Engineering Flight

BESWPID Bioenvironmental Engineering Services Workplace Identification

Number

BSM Base Surveillance Manager

CAA Clean Air Act

CAGE Commercial and Government Entity

CAS Chemical Abstract Service

CE Civil Engineering

CF Cubic Feet
Cmd. Command
Conc. Concentration

COR Contractor Officer Representative

CSA Chemical Staging Area

CSA ID Chemical Staging Area Identification

CY Cylinder

DESCIM Defense Environmental Security Corporate Information

Management

DOT Department of Transportation

°F Degree Fahrenheit

EHS Environmental Health and Safety EPA Environmental Protection Agency

EPCRA Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

g/l Grams per liter

GOCESS Government Operated Civil Engineering Supply Store

HAP Hazardous Air Pollutant HAZMAT Hazardous Material

HAZMART Hazardous Material Pharmacy

Hg Mercury

HMIS Hazardous Material Information System
HM POC Hazardous Material Point of Contact
HW POC Hazardous Waste Point of Contact

IEX Issue Exception Installation

ACRONYM AND ABBREVIATION LIST (concluded)

LB Pounds

lbs/gal Pounds per gallon LG Logistics Group

LPN Local Purchase Number

Max. Maximum

mg/m³ Milligrams per cubic meter

Min. Minimum mm Millimeters

MSDS Material Safety Data Sheet

MSM Major Command Surveillance Manager

N/A Not applicable

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

No. Number

NSN National Stock Number
ODC Ozone Depleting Chemicals
ODS Ozone Depleting Substance

Ofc. Office

Org. Organization

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

PES Pacific Environmental Services, Inc.

Pkg. Packaging

POC Point of Contact

PPE Personal Protective Equipment

ppb Parts per billion ppm Parts per million

Qty. Quantity

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RMP Risk Management Plan SE Safety or Chief of Safety

Seq. Sequential

SOS Sources of Supply

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit TPM Technical Program Manager

TLV Threshold Limit Value
TRI Toxic Release Inventory

UEC Unit Environmental Coordinator
VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND

Pacific Environmental Services, Inc. (PES) was contracted under Air Force Contract F41624-95-D-9017, Order 57, to enter and validate data in the Air Force Environmental Management Information System (AF-EMIS) at Hazardous Material Pharmacies at Andrews, Fairchild, McChord, and Travis Air Force Bases (AFBs). Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-7086 Hazardous Materials Management, dated 01 August 1997, requires that bases collect and maintain hazardous material (HAZMAT) data on standardized automated data processing equipment through a Defense Environmental Security Corporate Information Management (DESCIM) program, or a DESCIM-approved interim program. Presently, AF-EMIS is the DESCIM-approved interim program for the Air Mobility Command (AMC). While AF-EMIS is installed at each of the four AMC bases addressed by this Order, presently its full capabilities cannot be utilized because key data has not been entered into the system. The objective of Order 57 was to correct this deficiency by contracting PES to enter and validate the needed data.

AF-EMIS was developed to provide HAZMAT data to the functional organizations responsible for execution of the HAZMAT Management Process: i.e., Civil Engineering (CE), Bioenvironmental Engineering (BE), Safety (SE), and the Logistics Group (LG). These organizations shall be referred to hereafter as AF-EMIS stakeholders. The HAZMAT data are needed by the organizations to meet their HAZMAT-related reporting requirements; assess pollution prevention opportunities; measure the success in minimizing HAZMAT use; and protect the environmental, safety, and health conditions of workers and the community. Because some of the data fields have not been populated, AF-EMIS cannot be fully utilized for these purposes at the four bases addressed by this Order. Furthermore, not all sources of supply (SOS) currently have connectivity to AF-

EMIS or have arrangements with another SOS to make the necessary entries into the tracking system, as required by AMC Supplement I to AFI 32-7086.

PES is to determine the status of the AF-EMIS at the eight bases and to populate the tracking system to allow CE, BE, SE, and LG to satisfy their HAZMAT-related data requirements. In performing this work, PES is to enter data from other SOS, as provided and directed by each base. Data entry for the third of the eight bases (McChord AFB) was completed 23 March 2000. This report documents the results of the McChord AFB effort.

PES conducted a base-specific Kick-off Meeting at McChord AFB on 25 January 2000 to determine the initial status of AF-EMIS data completeness and quality. PES analyzed and updated the data in the recently issued Version 6.0. In addition, the availability of information and resources to complete data input/validation was discussed with respect to all SOS. The initial AF-EMIS status is summarized in Section 1.3.

Data elements to be entered or verified were established during the base Kick-off Meeting, which was attended by, among others, representatives from CE, BE, LG and SE. A list of the AF-EMIS Materials Module data fields was distributed to each of the Kick-off Meeting attendees. The list also contained a brief description of each data field and the potential sources of data for each data field. This list was discussed in detail during the meeting to establish the data elements to be entered or verified by PES. The data fields that the various Base organizations wanted populated/updated are identified in Section 1.2.

Data entry/validation was conducted at McChord AFB by a two-person PES team from 25 January 2000 to 23 March 2000. PES' data entry/validation efforts are presented in Sections 2 through 7 of this report.

1.2 AF-EMIS DATA FIELDS TO BE POPULATED/UPDATED

The hazardous material data resides in the "Materials Module" in the AF-EMIS program. This module consists of the following six types of records: National Stock Number (NSN); Shop; Authorization; Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE), which contains information from the MSDS; Chemical Abstract Service (CAS); and Manufacturer. These records contain the following information:

This record:	Stores information on:
NSN	Hazardous material and waste profiles identified by a National Stock Number or other identifying stock number, such as Local Purchase Number (LPN).
Shop	Organizations and work areas where hazardous material is used and waste is accumulated.
Authorization	Authorizations for shops to use hazardous material.
CAGE (MSDS)	MSDS information on the hazardous material and waste profiles.
CAS	Information on the chemicals contained in the hazardous material or hazardous waste streams.
Manufacturer	Manufacturers and vendors that supply hazardous material.

These records were presented to the AF-EMIS stakeholders as the data AF-EMIS Materials Module data fields list. The AF-EMIS stakeholders used this list to identify the data fields to be populated/updated by PES.

Data fields that the Base AF-EMIS stakeholders wanted populated for the six record types are listed in Table 1.1. Those data fields appearing in bold for each record are the mandatory data that must be entered in order for the AF-EMIS program to create that record. For example, AF-EMIS will not create a NSN record if the NSN, Components in NSN, Noun, Supply, or Shelf Life fields are not populated.

Records	Data Field
NSN	NSN
	Components in NSN
	Noun
	Status
	Specification
	Break NSN
	Break Qty
	Size
	Unit
	Pkg.
	Supply
	Seq. Tracking
	Туре
	Material
	Aerosol
	EPA 17 and ODC
	Empty Container Regulated
	Outside Container
	VOC % Min. (automatically calculated)
	VOC % Max. (automatically calculated)
	Health Review Code
	IEX Code
	Physical Hazard
	Hazard Characteristic Code
	Source of Supply
	Acquisition Advice
	Shelf Life
Shop	Shop Certifier List
Authorization	Type of Use
	End Date
	Shop Code
	Contractor Shop
	Supply Account Codes
	NSN
	Draw Amount
	Draw Frequency
	Sole Source Requirement
	Sole Source CAGE
	Justification - Weapon System

	Table 1.1 (Continued)		
Records	Data Field		
Authorization (continued)	Justification - Justification (Tech. Order)		
	Justification - Requiring Document		
	Justification - Page Number		
	Justification - Para. Number		
	Justification - Date		
	Justification - Revision		
	Justification - Remarks		
	New Process?		
	New Material?		
	Authorization Replace Another		
	ID for Replaced Authorization		
	Authorization Replacement Reason		
	Process Code		
	Task Description		
	Task Duration with Units		
	Task Frequency with Units		
	Amount of Material Used per Task with Units		
	Material Application Method		
	PPE Type		
	Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		
	PPE Remarks		
	PPE - Respirator Manufacturer (Required with		
	Respirator Only)		
	PPE - Respirator Model (Required with		
	Respirator Only)		
	PPE - Respirator Cartridge Type (Required with		
	Respirator Only)		
	PPE - Respirator TC Number		
	Is Process Performed in Facility, Aircraft, or		
	Other Structure?		
	Is Process Performed Outdoors?		
	Is the Process in a Small or Restricted Space?		
	Is the Process Performed in a Confined Space?		
	Will the Process be Performed in a Location		
	Other Than the Shop?		
	Enter a Description of the Process Location		
	(Building Number, etc.)		
	Where Will Any Unused Material Be Stored?		

	Table 1.1 (Continued)
Records	Data Field
Authorization (continued)	Industrial Equipment Use
	Equipment Type
	Equipment Number
	Material Transfer Method
	Is Material Mixed?
	Material Mixing Method
	Is Material Heated?
	Material Heating Method
	Heated Material Temperature Min., Max., and Units
	Material Abrasion Method
	Is Material Pressurized?
	Material Pressurization Method
	Material Pressure Min., Max., and Units
	Are Engineering Controls in Use?
	Engineering Control Type
	Waste Handling Method
	Name of Requestor
	Request Data
	Is Authorization Request Certified?
	Name of Certifier
	Certified Date
	Certifier Remarks
	Next Action
	Date Next Action
	Health Review Status
	Health Review Remarks (General)
	Health Review Remarks (Canned)
	Health Review Date
	Health Review Person
	Safety Review Status
	Safety Review Remarks (General)
	Safety Review Remarks (Canned)
	Safety Review Data
	Safety Review Person
	Environmental Management (EM) Review Status
	EM Review Remarks (General)
	EM Review Remarks (Canned)
	EM Review Date
	EM Review Person
	LIVI Review Person

Table 1.1 (Continued)		
Records	Data Field	
CAGE (MSDS)	NSN	
	CAGE	
	CAGE Status	
	CAGE Version	
	CAGE Component No.	
	Part No. or Trade Name	
	MSDS Date	
	Health Review	
	Health Hazard	
	Physical Hazard	
	Ounces	
	Type	
	Density	
	Specific Gravity	
	Flash Point Type, Min., and Max	
	Vapor Pressure with Units	
	pH Type, Min., and Max.	
	VOC with Units	
	Container Type	
	Chemical Form	
	Remarks	
	Label Information - Health Hazard (2 data fields, NFPA and HMIS)	
	Label Information - Flammability (2 data fields, NFPA and HMIS	
	Label Information - Reactivity (2 data fields, NFPA	
	and HMIS	
·	Target Organs	
	Constituents – CAS	
	Constituents – Chemical Name	
	Constituents – Amount Min. and Max.	
	Constituents – Concentration Units	
·	Constituents – Percent Weight or Volume	
	Constituents – Hazardous Ingredient	
	Constituents – EPCRA Physical State	
	Constituents - TRI Qualifier	
CAS	None	

	Table 1.1 (Concluded)
Records	Data Field
Manufacturer	CAGE
	Status
	Distributor
	Company Name
	Address
	City
	County
	State
	Country
	Zip
	Phone
	Fax

1.3 INITIAL AF-EMIS STATUS

A limited assessment of the status of the data already entered into the AF-EMIS system was made with Base AF-EMIS Stakeholders during the Base-specific Kick-off Meeting. PES also perused the database master reports for this purpose. However, only through entering and validating the data was PES able to develop a full understanding of the database condition.

In examining the status of the McChord AFB AF-EMIS database, PES found over 4,000 Authorization Records. PES analyzed the materials issued through AF-EMIS and the base supply program, SBSS, and materials authorized in AF-EMIS and the HMPP database. After discussing the results of the analysis with Base AF-EMIS stakeholders, the Base Surveillance Manager (BSM), the Major Command Surveillance Manager (MSM), and the Technical Program Manager (TPM), it was agreed that PES would update/validate all Hazardous Material Module Records for the 805 materials that inventory records indicate were issued to shops in the past two years.

After PES updated/validated all records for the 805 materials that were issued, PES updated an additional 357 records for which MSDS information was easily obtainable. PES updated/validated the NSN, Manufacturer and CAGE Records for the materials issued to shops in the past two years, plus the 357 materials for which a MSDS could be located in HMIS.

PES completely updated/validated approximately 300 Authorization Records based on information provided from Add Authorization Request Worksheets that were submitted to PES by Base organizations. An additional 1,268 Add Authorization Request Worksheets need to be completed by Shops and entered into the database to completely address all materials issued in the past two years. If Base personnel enter the data for these Add Authorization Request

Worksheets, the Base AF-EMIS will have a total of approximately 1,568 Authorization Records. It is possible that the remaining 1,268 worksheets noted above will decrease if the Shops no longer need some materials that were issued in the past.

There 3,855 valid hardcopy Chemical/Hazardous Material were Request/Authorizations (Form 3952s), on file at the Base HAZMART with respect to the 805 materials issued and the shops to which they were issued. Most of these authorizations were entered into AF-EMIS by the LG prior to PES' data entry activities; however, not all of the data fields were populated. Typically, the only AF-EMIS data fields populated for the authorization record by LG personnel were the mandatory ones for adding a record to the database. In addition, during its data entry activities, PES found approximately 4,000 authorizations that were listed in AF-EMIS as active.

With respect to NSN records, approximately 1,568 authorized NSNs and LPNs were already in the AF-EMIS database when PES initiated its data entry activities; however, only AF-EMIS-mandatory (for record creation) data fields were typically populated correctly. Because the AF-EMIS software uses multiple NSNs or LPNs for the same hazardous material to differentiate container type/size, the 1,568 NSNs and LPNs represent a somewhat smaller number of different HAZMATs. As discussed previously, PES updated the information for the materials that were issued in the past two years, plus those additional materials for which a MSDS could be found in HMIS resulting in a total of 1,162 NSN and LPN records that were updated/validated.

While most of the NSN records had at least one associated CAGE (MSDS) record, many had multiple CAGE records. This posed an unmanageable quantity of data entry/validation to be performed. To reduce the data entry effort to a more manageable level, mutual agreement was reached between the BSM,

MSM, TPM and PES to limit the CAGE record(s) for populating/updating to those associated with HAZMAT that have been issued to shops in the past two years. If no HAZMAT with the NSN/LPN were in inventory and if no hard copy MSDS could be found in the base file, the most recent MSDS based on the MSDS date listed in the Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS) database was used. PES found that the number of CAGE records populated/validated to be approximately 1.1 times the number of different NSNs and LPNs authorized for shop use. CAGE records that were already in AF-EMIS before PES began data entry, but no longer active (i.e., the associated HAZMAT was not issued in the past two years or the record did not reflect the latest MSDS) were assigned proper sizes (Ounces and Type) and inactivated. CAGE records associated with NSN records that were not issued in the past, except for the 357 non-issued NSNs updated by PES, were assigned near zero ounces and inactivated. Additional details on this subject are presented in Section 6.

About one half of the final number of Manufacturer records required updating to some degree. Most updates were minor such as changes in Office Location or area codes for phone/fax numbers.

PES did not update CAS records because they were updated with the new AF-EMIS Version 6.0, which was recently installed at McChord AFB. Version 6.0 contains updated CAS records, including some new fields.

PES entered only the Shop Certifier data field of the Shop records. PES intended to populate these records after obtaining completed Shop Profile Worksheets from the shops. During data entry efforts, PES did not receive any shop profile worksheets. Most of the shop record data fields are not vital to the tracking of HAZMAT usage in each shop. The only truly vital fields are the shop code and the process code. Both fields were validated for all shops. However,

the Process Code and Description data requires routine updating any time the process for an authorized material is revised.

1.4 OVERVIEW OF DATA ENTRY/VALIDATION PROCEDURES

The population of the six hazardous material records must be performed in the following order: Shop, NSN, Manufacturer, CAS, CAGE, and Authorization. Procedures used by PES for each record are described in Sections 2 through 7, with each section devoted to a particular type of record. The data fields, including the data sources, difficulties encountered, and conventions for a specific type of record are discussed in each section. Included in each section is a table that lists each data field; identifies sources of information used to populate each field; and enumerates data entries made by PES. The AF-EMIS record screen is also presented for each record type.

With the exception noted in Section 1.3, PES populated/validated AF-EMIS records for materials that were issued during the past two years only. However, PES entered data for a HAZMAT only if there was a hard copy Form 3952/Add Authorization Request Worksheet, authorizing its use on Base or if the material had been issued to a specific shop in the past two years, and a completed Form 3952/Add Authorization Request Worksheet was been procured. The Order's Statement of Work did not include the capture of HAZMAT in the AF-EMIS database if this material were not being acquired, stored, etc. in accordance with the HAZMAT management process authorization procedures.

Shops requiring the use of HAZMAT are required to submit a Form 3952 prior to obtaining such materials. An AF-EMIS developed form, the Add Authorization Request Worksheet, contains the same information as a Form 3952, however, it is presented in a more user-friendly format that allows for easy data entry into AF-EMIS. The Form 3952 is deemed approved when it has been reviewed and

signed by appropriate BE, CE, and SE representatives. The HAZMART will not issue HAZMAT to a shop that has not followed the Form 3952 process.

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2.0 SHOP RECORD DATA ENTRY/VALIDATION PROCEDURES

AF-EMIS has three Shop record screens including the Shop Certifier List; these are presented as Figures 2.1 through 2.3. PES was advised by the BSM that process codes for all shops were recently updated by Base staff and did not need to be updated by the onsite data entry team. PES used information from the shops that submitted Add Authorization Request Worksheets to populate the Shop certifier list following the procedures described below.

Shop records must be entered/validated first because each material authorization is specific to the processes in a particular shop. The Authorization record cannot be created in AF-EMIS if the shop and process codes do not already exist in the database. Shop records were created by Base personnel prior to PES' arrival for all shops at McChord AFB.

As previously mentioned, PES entered or validated only the Shop Certifier List since no other updated information (Shop Profile Worksheets) was provided. PES' data entry procedures/activities for this data field were limited, because only four shops submitted Add Authorization Request Worksheets. The process PES used to update this data field is described in the following paragraph.

Shop Certifier List. The shop certifier list is accessed by clicking on the "Shop Certifiers" button on Page 2 of the shop screen. This list is used to add shop personnel that are authorized to request material. These fields were populated/validated for each shop based on information from the Add Authorization Request Worksheet for that shop.

FIGURE 2.1
AF-EMIS SHOP RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 1 OF 3

Shop Page 1 of 2 C	SA: 99, User: MICHAEL B	. MALESKI BES WPID	LEGAL OF GREAT LEGACES SOF		_ □ ×
Shop Code	Type 💆	Tota Will		Date Ac	lded:
Ins.	Cmd.	∵ Drg.	<u>-</u>	Die	Z
Title		- CSA ID		Supply System	Y
Shop Status ACTIV	/E DOD AAC	<u> </u>	Funding Source		Ľ
Building	Location		ontractor 🔻	·	
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Supervisor		390 X4-37 TX X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	>> Phone		
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HW POC		- David Care Control (Secure Secretary Control (Secure Secretary Control (Secure Secretary Secretary Control (Secretary Secretary Control (Secretary Secretary Control (Secretary Secretary Secretar	>> Shop Fax		
Pg 1 Authorizali	on List K		List A	dd Update	Close
Pg 2 Weste	ites .		Select Do	lete Dear	Help:
PARALET CO.	Serve Serves			//	

FIGURE 2.2 AF-EMIS SHOP RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 2 OF 3

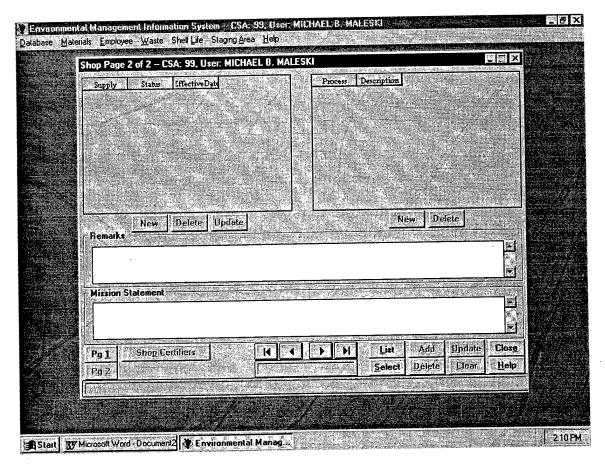
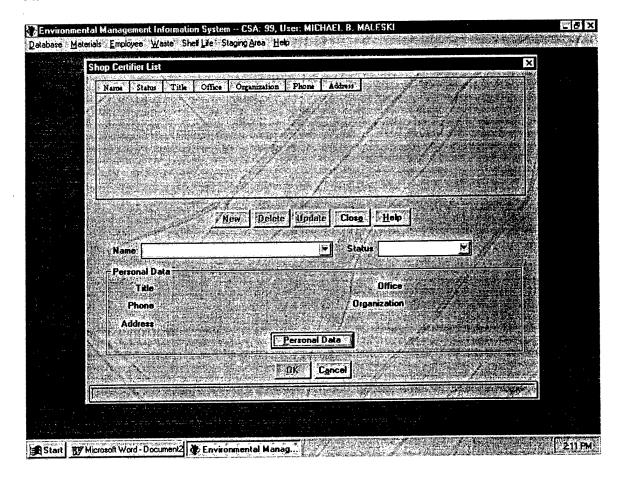


FIGURE 2.3
AF-EMIS SHOP RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 3 OF 3



3.0 NSN RECORD DATA ENTY/VALIDATION PROCEDURES

The sources of information needed to enter/validate the data fields that Base AF-EMIS stakeholders wanted populated were as follows: Form 3952, Fedlog database, and MSDS (or Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS) if a MSDS were not available). The NSN record data fields; the sources of information used to populate these fields; and the number of times PES entered data for each data field are listed in Table 3.1. The AF-EMIS NSN record screen is included as Figure 3.1.

The first step for entering NSN record information was to select valid CAGE(s) (MSDS) to serve as the information basis for the data fields. Since there were very few Form 3952s with MSDSs, PES ran the AF-EMIS Materials Issued Report to include the associated CAGE(s) issued in the past two years. Therefore, PES captured the majority of different manufacturers (CAGEs) for materials (NSNs) that it is anticipated that the Base will procure in the future. This method is equivalent to the method of using CAGEs in the AF-EMIS electronic material inventory and those MSDSs (CAGEs) attached to Form 3952s since these two sources are developed from materials that were issued in the past. In addition, PES included the CAGEs of any MSDSs attached to Form 3952s that existed; very few CAGEs were attached to these Form 3952s that were not in the AF-EMIS Materials Issued Report PES ran for this purpose.

PES completely updated/validated all NSN Records for the hazardous materials issued during the past two years, plus an additional 357 NSN Records that were in the database.

Table 3.1. NSN Record Data Fields with Sources of Information and Number of PES Entries

Source of Number of Information PES Entries

Data Field	Source of Information	Number of PES Entries	
NSN	Form 3952	40	
Components in NSN	Fedlog / HMIS	83	
Noun	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952	559	
	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952	676	
Specification Break NSN	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952	38	
	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952	38	
Break Qty	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952	312	
Size	ı	199	
Unit	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952	128	
Pkg.	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952	57	
Supply	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952		
Seq. Tracking	Fedlog	1180	
Туре	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952	621	
Material	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952	629	
Aerosol	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952	87	
EPA 17 and ODC	All Entered as "No"	4	
Outside Container	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952	52	
VOC %Min (automatically calculated)	Not Applicable	N/A	
VOC %Max (automatically calculated)	Not Applicable	N/A	
Health Review Code	HMIS	425	
IEX Code	HMIS	189	
Physical Hazard	HMIS / MSDS	700	
Hazard Characteristic Code	HMID / MSDS	546	
Source of Supply	Fedlog	164	
Acquisition Advice Code	Fedlog	253	
Shelf Life	Fedlog	114	

FIGURE 3.1 AF-EMIS NSN RECORD SCREEN

	Iser: MICHAEL B. MALESKI	Date	Date Last	_
NSN	in NSN	Added:	Updated:	—
Noun				
Specification				
Label Style	Ž.		Status ACTIVE	
Break NSN	Break Qly	Health Review		∑
-Issue Information	n Miscellaneous		IEX Code	¥
Size	Material -	Physical		
Unit	SBSS Demand	Hazard Hazard	Characteristic Code	7
Pkg	▼ Aerosol	1-2	and the latest and th	
Supply	▼ Dutside Container □ ▼Empty Container Regulated →	BPA No.		
Cost	「ODS Class ! 「ODS Class !! 「Defense Reserve NSN	BPA Vendor	<u>>></u>	
Seq Tracking	VOC (2) Min Max	BPA Contract F	om To	
Remarks	<u> </u>	Source of	>> Item Manager	□ »
		Supply Acquisition	>> Shell Life	55
Location Auth L	ipl Auth Count: 14 4	Advice L	ist Add Update	
CAGE			lect Delete Clear	Help
E-uc	LIST CHOIL COURCE	1		1 22-4
I.			AND EDGE OF BEE	36 S kari 48

The remaining 406 NSN Records (1,568 minus 1,162) were missing various data fields, such as container size and IEX Code. Nineteen materials required the size of the issued container since Fedlog, HMIS, an MSDS or a Form 3952 did not identify the correct size of the issued container. There were 32 materials that did not have an Issue Exception Code (IEX Code) assigned to them. Representatives from BE were in the process of verifying correct assignment of such codes, many of which were provided to PES. One hundred sixty-one materials were designated health hazard flagged. PES found 122 NSNs that were designated with CSL numbers. The Base AF-EMIS stakeholders decided all CSL numbers are going to be replaced with NSNs. Therefore, PES did not update CSL records unless a replacement NSN was provided.

Once a CAGE was chosen for the NSN/LPN, all data fields were populated or validated as described in the following paragraphs.

NSN. The NSN for a stock or local purchase item was obtained from its Form 3952; however, several scenarios required that the NSN entered into AF-EMIS differ from the value listed on the Form 3952. One such scenario is related to the AF-EMIS "Break Open" feature. The supply unit of issue in the management and characteristics sections of Fedlog may indicate that the item is received by the HAZMART in bulk. If this is known to be the case, the "Break Open" feature in AF-EMIS must be used. This allows for the issue and tracking of material that is ordered in bulk, but can be either delivered as bulk (e.g., a box of 12 cans of spray paint) or as individual issues (e.g., one can of spray paint). The base NSN is for the bulk item. Another NSN, commonly referred to as "dash one NSN" because it is formed by adding a "-1" to the end of the base NSN, is created as the AF-EMIS identification number for sequential tracking of the individual units from a bulk package. The "dash one NSN" is also referred to as a "Break NSN".

PES entered data for 38 "Break" NSN records created in the database. The majority of these records involved boxes of paint, cleaner, oil, or insect repellant.

Another scenario that required a change to the NSN entered into AF-EMIS from the Form 3952 occurred when Fedlog showed that the authorized NSN had been replaced. For this scenario, the status of the pre-existing (i.e., before PES' data entry activities) NSN record status was changed to "replaced" and a remark was added discussing the replacement of this NSN record. A new NSN record was created (or if the new NSN existed in AF-EMIS, that record was updated), based on the new Fedlog data and appropriate CAGES.

<u>Components in NSN</u>. This data field represents the number of components, or parts, in a single NSN and was obtained by PES from either the characteristics section of Fedlog or in HMIS (typically in the Part Number/Trade Name). For most materials, such as oil, the value is one; however, some materials are multipart kits, such as an epoxy adhesive.

Noun. The Noun is the nomenclature associated with a NSN. In AF-EMIS, it must be chosen from a pull-down list pre-loaded in the software by the Air Force. Typically, the correct Noun was available from the pull-down list for the NSN, but it was validated and occasionally changed based on information from Fedlog or HMIS/MSDS/Form 3952 for local purchases. If the required Noun did not exist in the pull-down list, it was added to the list using the AF-EMIS systems administration module.

<u>Specification.</u> This pick-list data field represents the military, federal, commercial or other specification to which the NSN conforms. Typically, both Fedlog, the Form 3952 and HMIS provide this data field for nationally procured items. The specification was never found for LPNs; therefore, the pick-list option "No Specification" was selected.

Status. The Status of a NSN record was always entered as "active" unless the material was not authorized for use by any shop on Base. For instance, if a material was replaced (see discussion under NSN above), the Status was assigned "Replaced".

Break NSN. This data field was used for bulk materials when using the Break Open feature of AF-EMIS. See discussion under NSN above on when to use this feature. The Break NSN was entered in the base NSN record; this data field is left blank in the Break NSN (dash one) record. Also note that the Break NSN record must be created before this data field can be populated in the base NSN record.

Break Qty. This data field represents the number of individual items indicated within the base NSN (from which the "dash one NSN" was created), such as 12 cans of paint in a box. As was the case for the Break NSN data field, it was used when the Break Open feature was required and could not be populated until the Break NSN record was created.

<u>Size</u>. This data field gives the quantity of HAZMAT shipped in the container provided by the supplier. The management and characteristics sections of Fedlog, general information section of HMIS, or the Form 3952 indicated the appropriate Size for a given NSN. When PES began the data entry, the size data field for all NSN records was typically either empty or was incorrectly populated with packaging information (e.g., box or bottle) rather than HAZMAT size units of measurements. PES updated these fields to mass (e.g., pounds) or volumetric (e.g., gallons) units using data from Fedlog.

Size information for local purchases was typically based on the Form 3952 for each material as Fedlog was not available for local purchases and HMIS records or MSDSs rarely listed such data for these items. If the Form 3952 did not

include sufficient data, the Size was based on typical quantities for similar materials. For example, the typical size for spray paint was one pint. If a typical quantity did not exist for some HAZMAT, PES did not populate the size related data fields and requested the size of these materials from LG personnel. Overall, there were 19 materials that were in need of container sizes.

The Unit represents the stock item's mass or volumetric unit of Unit. measurement within the package specified by the NSN; it was chosen from a pull-down menu. The management and characteristics sections of Fedlog or general information section of HMIS indicated the Unit for each NSN. Most of the Unit data entered into the AF-EMIS database before PES started its data entry was found to be incorrect and was changed to the right values of pounds or gallons.

Pkg. This data field is the packaging specific to the NSN. The management and characteristics sections of Fedlog or general information section of HMIS give the packaging for each NSN. In AF-EMIS, it was chosen from a pull-down menu, which provided the same choices as Unit; however, this field was not the same as Unit. Instead of mass or volumetric units of measurement, the packaging is the physical container for the material, such as a bottle, can, box, roll, cylinder, drum, etc. This data field had to be updated for about one-half of the NSN records.

Supply. This data field is used for identifying the unit of issue that the supply system uses when ordering a material and is obtained from the management section of Fedlog. This field rarely required updating as the pre-existing Supply data was typically correct.

Seq. Tracking. This data field enables the sequential tracking feature in AF-EMIS and is locally established through the use of a three way check box. The

box is checked "yes" (indicated by an "X" in the box) for all materials. The second and third options, which were never used, was "no" (indicated by an empty, non-shaded box) and "unknown", indicated by an empty, shaded box.

<u>Type</u>. The Type data field represents the type of container the material is packaged in, such as can, box, bottle, etc. It was chosen from a pull-down menu and matched the Pkg. data field. If none of the choices in the pull-down menu match the Pkg. field, "other" was selected (typical for unusual packages such as rolls of solder). Also, for a NSN record that had a Break NSN, the Type data field for the base NSN reflected the individual units' container, not the package containing the individual units (i.e., the bulk package). This data field was populated for all NSN records.

<u>Material</u>. The container material of construction (i.e., glass, metal, plastic, or cardboard) is entered in the Material data field. As is the case with the Type data field, it was limited to the options in a pull-down menu and did not represent the outside container of the original NSN when the Break Open feature was utilized. This field was also populated for nearly all NSN records.

Aerosol. The Aerosol data field is a three-way check box with yes, no and unknown options. If the characteristics section of Fedlog or the constituents in HMIS indicates that the material is an aerosol, the box was toggled to contain an "X"; otherwise the box was left empty and non-shaded. In the pre-existing database (prior to PES' efforts), this data field was rarely checked with an "X" regardless of whether it was an aerosol or not.

EPA 17. This three-way check box indicates the possible presence of an EPA-17 regulated chemical within the material. Because there may be multiple CAGEs with different constituents for a given NSN, this data field does not indicate that the HAZMAT corresponding to the NSN does in fact contain an EPA

17 chemical. It only indicates that at least one supplier of the HAZMAT includes an ingredient that is an EPA 17 chemical. Because it has no bearing on EPA-17 related calculations, this data field was populated to indicate "no" EPA 17. This decision was made jointly by PES and representatives from BE and CE.

ODS. Similar to the EPA 17 data field, ODS indicates, through the use of a three-way check box, the possible presence of an ozone depleting substance. This data field was changed from AF-EMIS Version 5.1. The old version of this data field was designed in the same fashion as the EPA 17 Data Field discussed above, i.e., it is manually populated and indicates the potential presence of an ODS in a manufacturer's formulation of the given material. The new Version 6.0 of AF-EMIS retains the meaning of the data field; however, it is automatically populated by AF-EMIS based on the CAS Records associated with the constituents of the CAGE Records associated with the NSN Record.

Outside Container. This data field indicates that the material is contained within an outside container through the use of a three way check box. The box was checked "yes" if an outside container were used, such as for bulk materials when the Break Open feature of AF-EMIS (i.e., box of metal cans containing paint) was used. Otherwise, the box was checked "no". The third option, which was never used, is "unknown", indicated by an empty, shaded box. PES changed the "unknown" for many of the NSN records to "no" or "yes" as appropriate.

VOC (%) Avg., Min., and Max. These data fields represent the average, minimum, and maximum percent by weight concentration of volatile organic This information is AF-EMIS-generated based on information compounds. entered in the associated CAGE record(s).

Health Review and IEX Code. The Health Review data field is based on the Issue Exception (IEX) Code. These data fields were populated based on

information from the Form 3952. If the Form 3952 did not include this information and the Health Review and IEX Code data fields were already populated, they were left unchanged. If one was populated, the other field was assigned the matching value (both fields showed the IEX Code). If no information was in AF-EMIS or the Form 3952, it was requested from BE personnel.

Physical Hazard and Hazard Characteristic Code. The Physical Hazard data field represents the physical hazards associated with the material. A pull-down menu provides a set number of choices. This data field was populated/verified in conjunction with the Hazard Characteristic Code data field. In the general information section of HMIS, the hazard characteristic code, if available, is given by a code consisting of one letter followed by one number, such as F1. This code is the same code as the Hazard Characteristic Code in AF-EMIS; the associated pick-list shows each code along with a description of that code. This description corresponds to the options in the Physical Hazard data field.

There were three situations for which the exact code and description given in HMIS was not used to populate this data field in AF-EMIS. The first situation was when HMIS showed a hazard characteristic code of "N1", the corresponding description in the AF-EMIS Hazard Characteristic Code was "Nonhazardous Material". Because this option does not exist under Physical Hazard, "No Specific Hazard" was used instead.

Another situation was when HMIS did not list a hazard characteristic code. When this occurred, the transportation data section of HMIS, which occasionally describes the physical hazards associated with the material, was checked. For this situation, the Hazard Characteristic Code was left blank and the option under Physical Hazard that best fit the description given in HMIS was selected.

The last situation was when HMIS did not list a hazard characteristic code or informative transportation data for the HAZMAT. When this occurred, the Hazard Characteristic Code was left blank and "No Specific Data" was chosen from the pull-down menu under Physical Hazard. The Physical Hazard data field was populated or updated for virtually all NSN records.

For a manufacturer MSDS, the physical hazard was obtained by searching the entire MSDS for data that would indicate the physical hazard of the material. Typically, the transportation data section or hazard identification section would indicate any physical hazards.

Source of Supply. The source of supply data field represents from where the item is acquired. A pick-list provides a list of options that match those in Fedlog data field SOS.

<u>Acquisition Advice.</u> This data field represents how a material is procured and lists any restrictions the material has with respect to acquisition. A pick-list provides a list of options that match those in Fedlog data field AAC.

<u>Shelf Life</u>. This data field represents the amount of time, selected via a pick-list, a material can remain unused in storage before it must be tested, disposed, or reconditioned. Typically, Shelf Life did not need to be updated for NSNs; however, the shelf life for local purchases was often entered as "unknown" because the information was not available (no Fedlog information for local purchases).

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4.0 MANUFACTURER RECORD DATA ENTRY/VALIDATION PROCEDURES

Manufacturer records were updated/validated using both HMIS/MSDS and Fedlog. HMIS/MSDS was used to provide search information in retrieving data in Fedlog, which was typically more up-to-date. Many of the most recent MSDSs for products were several years old; however, Fedlog is updated monthly with more recent information.

Once the NSN record was updated, the Manufacturer record was populated next. It is necessary to populate the Manufacturer record before the CAGE record because the latter cannot be created unless the CAGE data field in the Manufacturer records has been entered into the AF-EMIS database.

While the Manufacturer records are not directly connected to NSN records, they are indirectly linked via the CAGE record. Once a Manufacturer record for a given CAGE has been updated, it did not need to be updated again if the same CAGE were used for a different NSN record. For instance, if one manufacturer (CAGE) makes ten different colors of spray paint (each color would have a different NSN record), the Manufacturer record only needed to be updated one time. For this data entry/validation task, PES determined if a Manufacturer record needed updating by inspecting the system-generated Date Last Updated data field. If this date was before the PES data entry team arrived onsite, the record needed to be updated.

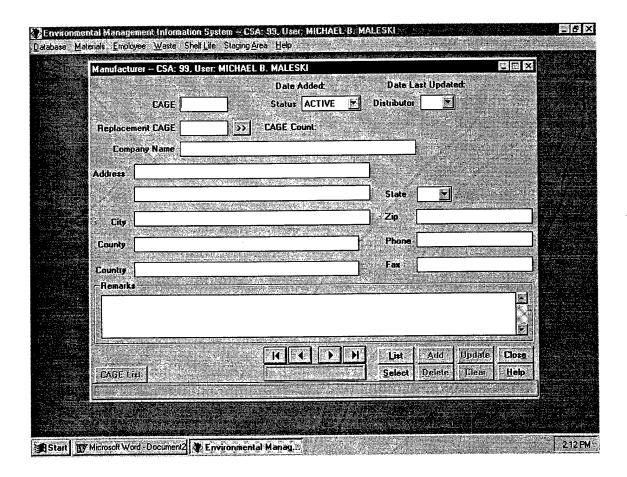
Also, when a CAGE record is imported from HMIS, manufacturer information is imported as well. If the manufacturer data were updated using Fedlog before the CAGE record were imported from HMIS, the Fedlog-based data (which reflects the most recent information) is overwritten with the older data from HMIS. There are two approaches for avoiding this problem. One approach is not to use the

electronic HMIS import feature; data needed from HMIS is manually transferred to AF-EMIS. The other approach is to verify that the manufacturer CAGE has been entered in the NSN record, import the CAGE record electronically from HMIS, and then enter/validate the Manufacturer record. PES utilized the first approach.

Table 4.1 lists the Manufacturer data fields that the Base AF-EMIS stakeholders wanted populated; the associated sources of information PES used to populate them; and the number of times data were entered for each data field. The AF-EMIS Manufacturer record screen is presented as Figure 4.1. Much of the Manufacturer record data had already been pre-loaded by the AF-EMIS software developer before PES arrived onsite and the entered data were typically correct. Data entry/validation by PES was fairly straightforward.

Table 4.1. Manufact	turer Record Data Fields With Source and Number of PES Entries	es of Information
Data Field	Source of Information	Number of PES Entries
CAGE	AF-EMIS Inventory Module / HMIS	38
Status	See Discussion	37
Distributor	See Discussion	56
Company Name	Fedlog / HMIS / MSDS	101
Address	Fedlog / HMIS / MSDS	169
City	Fedlog / HMIS / MSDS	92
County	Fedlog / HMIS / MSDS	4
State	Fedlog / HMIS / MSDS	54
Country	Fedlog / HMIS / MSDS	50
Zip	Fedlog / HMIS / MSDS	184
Phone	Fedlog / HMIS / MSDS	227
Fax	Fedlog / HMIS / MSDS	113

FIGURE 4.1
AF-EMIS MANUFACTURER RECORD SCREEN



<u>CAGE</u>. This data field is the HAZMAT vendor's Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE). The majority of the CAGE data fields had already been entered into the AF-EMIS database by the Logistics Group before PES began its data entry. Only 38 CAGEs needed to be entered, which brought the total number of CAGE data fields populated/validated to 562.

<u>Status</u>. For all Manufacturer records associated with a CAGE chosen for use in the NSN record, the Status was "Active". The other Manufacturer records were left unchanged.

<u>Distributor</u>. This data field identifies if the manufacturer is a distributor, as indicated by "Yes or "No. There was no specific source for this information; therefore, the data team made two assumptions regarding the distributor field. First, if the data field was populated, it was assumed correct. Otherwise, the field was set to "No" unless the manufacturer name indicated that it was a distributor.

Company Name, Address, City, County, State, Country and Zip Code. These data fields relate to the location of the HAZMAT vendor/manufacturer. All data entry/validation for these fields was performed with no difficulties, except for the County field, which was rarely listed in Fedlog or HMIS. Because there were no available data, the County data field was left blank.

<u>Phone and Fax Numbers</u>. These data fields were also entered/validated with little difficulty. Fax numbers were sometimes left blank because they were not listed in HMIS or Fedlog.

5.0 CAS RECORD DATA ENTRY/VALIDATION PROCEDURES

As mentioned in Section 1.3, CAS records were not updated because AF-EMIS Version 6.0, which was recently released and installed at McChord AFB, contains updated CAS records, including some new fields. Since the data was updated recently with the new version of AF-EMIS, PES did not update the CAS records.

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6.0 CAGE (MSDS) RECORD DATA ENTRY/VALIDATION PROCEDURES

The sources of information needed to enter/validate information for the CAGE record data fields that the Base AF-EMIS stakeholders wanted updated were as follows: Fedlog database and HMIS or MSDS. Table 6.1 lists these CAGE (MSDS) record data fields; the sources of information that PES used to update them; and the number of times data were entered for each data field. The AF-EMIS CAGE (MSDS) record screens are included as Figures 6.1 through 6.4.

Many NSN records had multiple CAGE (MSDS) records associated with them. The only CAGE (MSDS) records that were needed for a NSN record were those for which their CAGE(s) were issued indicating that HAZMAT from the vendor corresponding to the CAGE was actually issued in the past two years or for the 357 material not issued, and those attached to the Form 3952. If the manufacturer-specific (specified by the CAGE) material was not issued or the material's MSDS were not attached to the Form 3952 (such as for new material Form 3952s), the CAGE specific MSDS with the most recent MSDS preparation date was used (see NSN discussion). To allow for easy identification of the CAGE records selected by PES and the HAZMART staff to be kept active in the database, all other CAGE (MSDS) records were assigned appropriate Ounces and Types and the Status was set at "Inactive" (See Section 3 for more details on this issue).

PES could not locate a MSDS for 35 stock items (including local purchases). However, PES suspects that some of the stock numbers or CAGE numbers of these materials may be incorrect. For instance, some legitimate looking stock numbers (NSNs) could not be found in Fedlog. It is possible that a clerical error was made when entering the stock number onto the Form 3952 and AF-EMIS.

	Source of	Number of
Data Field	Information	PES Entries
NSN	Form 3952 / HMIS	225
CAGE	AF-EMIS Inventory Module	225
	/ HMIS	
CAGE Status	Inventory / MSDS Date	499
CAGE Version	HMIS / MSDS	387
CAGE Component No.	HMIS / MSDS	273
Part No. or Trade Name	HMIS / MSDS	366
MSDS Date	HMIS / MSDS	530
Health Review Code	Form 3952	1,208
Health Hazard	HMIS / MSDS	1,335
Physical Hazard	HMIS / MSDS	1,333
Ounces	Fedlog / HMIS / Form 3952	922
Type	Fedlog / HMIS / Form 3952	994
Specific Gravity	HMIS / MSDS	948
Density	HMIS / MSDS	1,144
Flash Point Type	HMIS / MSDS	596
Flash Point Min. and Max.	HMIS / MSDS	592
Vapor Pressure with Units	HMIS / MSDS	416
pH Type	HMIS / MSDS	161
pH Min. and Max.	HMIS / MSDS	144
VOC with Units	HMIS / MSDS	470
Container Type	Fedlog / HMIS / 3952	1,090
Chemical Form	HMIS / MSDS	786
Label Information - Health Hazard (2 data fields)	HMIS / MSDS	1,100
Label Information - Flammability (2 data fields)	HMIS / MSDS	1,105
Label Information - Reactivity (2 data fields)	HMIS / MSDS	1,121
Specific Hazard	HMIS / MSDS	64
Target Organs	HMIS / MSDS	97
Remarks	HMIS / MSDS	2
Constituents – CAS	HMIS / MSDS	3,477
Constituents – Chemical Name	HMIS / MSDS	3,467
Constituents – Amount Min. and Max.	HMIS / MSDS	3,491
Constituents – Concentration Units	HMIS / MSDS	3,469
Constituents – % Weight or Volume	HMIS / MSDS	3,543
Constituents – EPCRA Physical State	HMIS / MSDS	5,018
Constituents – TRI Qualifier	HMIS / MSDS	l '_a

FIGURE 6.1 AF-EMIS CAGE (MSDS) RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 1 OF 4

CAGE Key NSN CAGE SY Version Component of No. of Company Name: CAGE Status ACTIVE Status ACTIVE CAGE: Part No. Trade Name Noun: DOT Data Shipping Name Packaging Group Material Safety Data Sheet MSDS MSDS Date HMIS MSDS No. HMIS EDI HMIS EDI
City: Part No. Trade Name Noun: DOT Data Shipping Name Technical Name Packaging Group Material Safety Data Sheet MSDS MSDS Date HMIS MSDS No. HMIS FDI
Part No. Trade Name Noun: DOT Data Shipping Name Packaging Group Material Safety Data Sheet MSDS MSDS Date HMIS MSDS No. HMIS FDI
DOT Data Shipping Name Technical Name Packaging Group Material Safety Data Sheet MSDS MSDS MSDS Date HMIS MSDS No. HMIS FDI
Material Safety Data Sheet MSDSMSDS DateHMIS MSDS NoHMIS FDIHMIS FDIHMIS FDIHMIS FDI
MSDS MSDS Date HMIS MSDS No. HMIS FDI HMIS FDI
Material Hazard Data Health Review Code Health Hazard
DD Form 1348-1 Hazard Physical Hazard Hazard
Pg J. DOI Info K 4) List Adil. Update Close Pg 2 NSN Info Select Option Close

FIGURE 6.2 AF-EMIS CAGE (MSDS) RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 2 OF 4

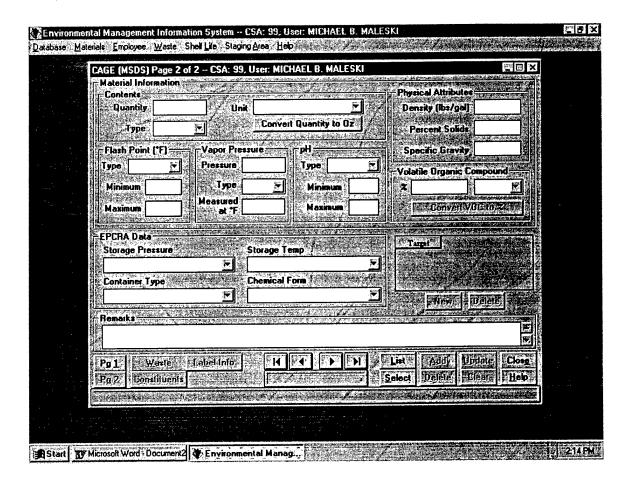


FIGURE 6.3 AF-EMIS CAGE (MSDS) RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 3 OF 4

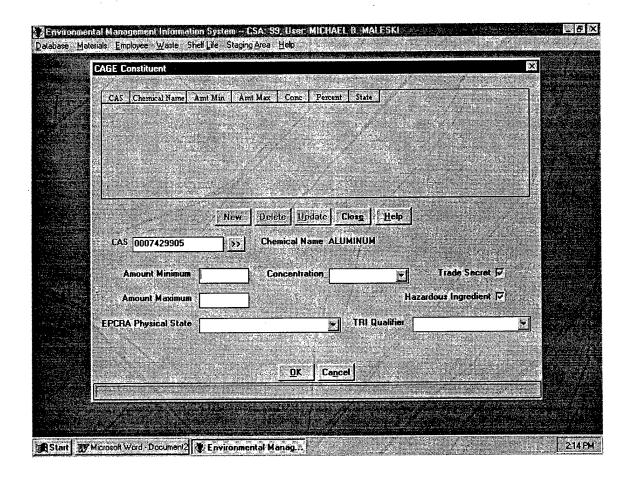
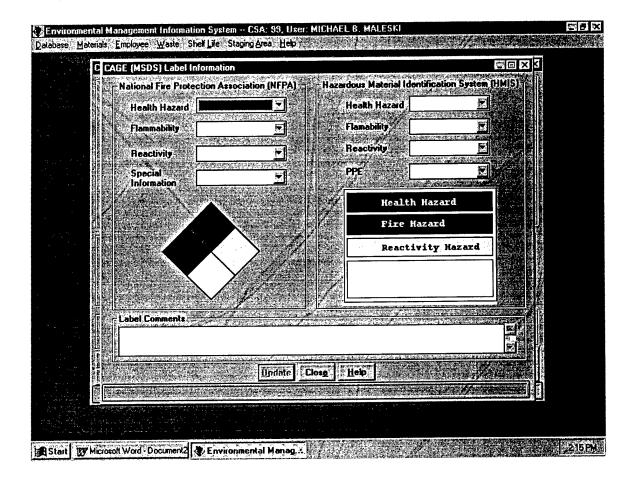


FIGURE 6.4 AF-EMIS CAGE (MSDS) RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 4 OF 4



This was definitely the case in a few instances as the correct stock numbers were found for some incorrect NSNs entered onto Form 3952s. The same could be possible for CAGE numbers as well. Base personnel should review the Form 3952s of these suspect stock numbers with the Shop point of contact to clarify the stock number and/or obtain a MSDS.

In addition, the 50 NSN records that were lacking either a size (19) or an IEX Code (31) also prevent the population of CAGE records. Overall, PES populated/validated 1,186 of 1,591 CAGE records.

Once the correct CAGE(s) had been identified as part of NSN record population and all others made inactive, all the CAGE record data fields were entered or verified.

One method not utilized was the "Import MSDS from HMIS" feature in AF-EMIS. Use of this feature automatically populated the following CAGE (MSDS) record data fields:

- NSN;
- CAGE;
- Part Number or Trade Name;
- MSDS Date:
- MSDS Number;
- Ounces with Type;
- Container Type;
- Flash Point Type/Minimum/Maximum;
- DOT Technical Name and Packing Group;
- Vapor Pressure with Type;
- Specific Gravity;
- Constituent CAS;

- Constituent Name;
- Constituent Concentration with Units; and,
- Constituent Weight or Volume Percent.

Although this information is imported directly from HMIS, it should be checked to assure that the import procedure worked correctly. In some instances, corrections are required to imported information, such as Vapor Pressures with Type. For these data fields, AF-EMIS may import the Vapor Pressure and Temperature into the same vapor pressure data field. For example, a vapor pressure of "50@70 (mm Hg@°F)" sometimes is imported in the Vapor Pressure field as 5070 mm Hg. Also, some constituents are not always imported because the HMIS CAS data field is either blank or incorrect.

PES did not utilize the AF-EMIS Import MSDS feature because of the need to verify and correct some imported data fields. Instead, the HMIS information was manually entered into the database. This method worked well when two computers were used; one machine had AF-EMIS on-screen while the other had HMIS on-screen. Since some information had to be entered/validated manually even when the electronic import feature was used, it was more efficient to manually enter all information rather than to execute the electronic import, check imported information, then enter the remaining data.

NSN. The NSN was obtained from the Form 3952 and the list of materials issued in the past two years. The number of NSNs entered into AF-EMIS CAGE records by PES is the sum of NSNs associated with added NSN records and the NSNs associated with the CAGE (MSDS) records created to correct the CAGE version and component(s).

<u>CAGE</u>. The CAGE numbers to be entered were chosen as described in the NSN record discussion in Section 3.

CAGE Status. This data field establishes the status of the CAGE (MSDS) record as "active" or "inactive". Each NSN record must have at least one "active" CAGE (MSDS) record. As discussed above, a CAGE (MSDS) was chosen based on two criteria. The first criteria was that the AF-EMIS inventory module showed that some of the HAZMAT from the supplier identified by the CAGE was issued in the past; if the HAZMAT corresponding to this NSN/CAGE combination was issued in the past, this CAGE (MSDS) was "active". The second criteria was, if the CAGE specific MSDS was attached to the Form 3952, this CAGE (MSDS) was also "active".

As discussed above, a large number of CAGE records were updated to inactivate CAGE records for suppliers that are currently not being used on Base and those that were incorrectly assigned improper versions and CAGE component numbers. PES either updated/validated the status of 1,418 CAGE (MSDS), many of which were for new CAGE records.

<u>CAGE Version</u>. The CAGE Version data field represents the version of the MSDS. When the database contained multiple versions of a MSDS, there should be a CAGE (MSDS) for each version. Each record should have the same CAGE code but a different CAGE Version with the next letter value (i.e., old version "B", new version "C").

For multi-component HAZMAT, PES entered all parts of a multi-component HAZMAT with the same version in the AF-EMIS database.

<u>CAGE Component Number</u>. For multiple component HAZMATs, a separate CAGE record must be created in AF-EMIS for each component. The CAGE Component Number data field identifies the component for which the information is presented in the CAGE record. While most materials were single part or component products, this data field was designed to accommodate multi-part

kits, such as a two-part epoxy. In HMIS, the CAGE Component Number was typically found in the Part Number or Trade Name field. In addition, Fedlog and the Transportation Data section of HMIS occasionally would show component information.

Part Number or Trade Name. This data field contains the manufacturer's (or vendor's) part number or trade name for the material. It can be found in the HMIS data field "Part Number/Trade Name", located in the top section of the HMIS screen. Typically, the Part Number or Trade Name pre-loaded in the CAGE records by the AF-EMIS software developer required only minor revisions by PES.

MSDS Date. The MSDS Date represents the date the MSDS was prepared or revised. Along with the data field HMIS MSDS Number, these data fields are the basis for the Import MSDS feature. It can be found in HMIS as "Date MSDS Prepared" in the General Information section or near the beginning or end of manufacturers' MSDSs.

Health Review Code. This data field is identical to the Health Review and IEX Code data fields in the associated NSN Record. To quickly access the associated NSN Record, there is a "NSN" button located in the bottom left corner of the first page of the CAGE (MSDS) Screen. "Clicking" the mouse pointer on this button will reveal a summary of all NSN Record data fields for that NSN. Upon closing this NSN summary, the same IEX Code was entered in this Health Review Code data field. Naturally, any data gaps that occur in the Health Review and IEX Code data fields in the NSN Record also occur in the associated CAGE Record.

Health Hazard. This data field represents the specific hazard to human health. It is on page one of the CAGE (MSDS) record screens; another non-required

Health Hazard data field that the Base AF-EMIS stakeholders wanted PES to update is on page two of the CAGE (MSDS) screens, under Label Information.

A pick-list containing various health hazards, such as irritant or carcinogen, is provided. This information was found in the Health Hazard Data section of HMIS. The information in this section did not identify a specific health hazard; interpretation of the information was required. Typically, materials were described as an irritant. Some materials had other specific hazards listed, such as carcinogenicity.

Physical Hazard. The Physical Hazard data field represents the physical hazards associated with the material. A pull-down menu provides a set number of choices. In the general information section of HMIS, the hazard characteristic code, if available, is given by a code consisting of one letter followed by one number, such as F1. This code is the same code as the Hazard Characteristic Code in the NSN record of AF-EMIS; the associated pick-list shows each code along with a description of that code. This description corresponds to the options in the Physical Hazard data field.

There were three situations for which the exact code and description given in HMIS was not used to populate this data field in AF-EMIS. The first situation was when HMIS showed a hazard characteristic code of "N1", the corresponding description in the AF-EMIS Hazard Characteristic Code was "Nonhazardous Material". Because this option does not exist under Physical Hazard, "No Specific Hazard" was used instead.

Another situation was when HMIS did not list a hazard characteristic code. When this occurred, the transportation data section of HMIS, which occasionally describes the physical hazards associated with the material, was checked. For

this situation, the option under Physical Hazard that best fit the description given in HMIS was selected.

The last situation was when HMIS did not list a hazard characteristic code or informative transportation data for the HAZMAT. When this occurred, "No Specific Data" was chosen from the pull-down menu under Physical Hazard. The Physical Hazard data field was populated or updated for virtually all CAGE records.

For a manufacturer MSDS, the physical hazard was obtained by searching the entire MSDS for data that would indicate the physical hazard of the material. Typically, the transportation data section or hazard identification section would indicate any physical hazards.

<u>Ounces</u>. This AF-EMIS-mandatory data field specifies the number of ounces per unit of issue as indicated in the NSN record for that material. The ounces are either in terms of weight or volume; the next data field, "Type", provides this selection. The information used by PES to populate this field was obtained by converting the units of measurement of the Size and Unit data fields in the NSN record to weight- or volume-based ounces.

With respect to units of measurement, the ounces data field represented typical conventions. For instance, a quart of oil would be entered as 32 fluid ounces or a pound of grease as 16 net ounces. As long as the specific gravity and density are entered correctly (especially for compressed gases), it does not matter whether the ounces are measured by weight or volume.

The Ounces and Type data fields are used to generate storage and usage reports used for regulatory reporting, such as the Chemical On-Site Summary and Issues Containing EPA 17 chemicals. Thus, it is crucial that these fields be

entered correctly. PES found that many of the Ounces and Type fields were incorrect or blank. One typical error found by PES was that pounds were entered in the Ounces field.

<u>Type</u>. This data field indicates the measurement unit for the value entered in the Ounces data field. A pick-list provides two choices; fluid for volumetric units or net for mass units. As discussed above, this data field must be entered correctly as numerous reports are generated using this data.

Flash Point Minimum, Maximum, and Type. These three data fields all relate to a temperature or range of temperatures at which a material releases vapor sufficient to form an ignitable vapor mixture near the surface of the material. Each of these data fields were typically found in either a MSDS or HMIS.

The Flash Point Type data field provides a pick-list with two options; range or not applicable (N/A). When flash point data was available, the "Range" option was selected; otherwise, "N/A" was selected. The Flash Point Minimum and Maximum data fields were populated from available flash point data from a MSDS or HMIS. If a single flash point was listed in either of the aforementioned reference, this value was entered into the Flash Point Minimum and Maximum data fields.

The Flash Point Minimum and Maximum data fields cannot be populated with zero when no information is available. This actually means that the material is extremely flammable. Care must be taken to populate these data fields correctly when no information is available; the Flash Point Type data field should be "N/A" and the Flash Point Minimum and Maximum data fields should be blank.

pH Type, Minimum, and Maximum. The pH Type data field is populated from a pick-list to indicate whether pH is not applicable to the HAZMAT material ("N/A")

or if the value is entered as a range ("Range"). If the Type is not applicable, the Minimum and Maximum data fields were left blank. If a pH was available, the pH type was "Range" and the minimum and maximum values were entered. If a single pH value was given in HMIS or a MSDS, the value was entered in both the Minimum and Maximum data fields. The pH value was given in HMIS for only 128 of the HAZMATs handled at the Base; PES entered these values in the AF-EMIS database.

<u>VOC</u> with Units. The VOC data field represents the amount of volatile organic compounds in the HAZMAT. The Units data field is a pick-list with the following choices: weight percent (%), pounds per gallon (lbs/gal), grams per liter (g/l), and not applicable (N/A). If no VOCs were present in the HAZMAT, the VOC data field was left blank and "N/A" was chosen from the Units pick-list. If VOCs were present in the HAZMAT, the value was entered and the appropriate units were selected. If the units were pounds per gallon or grams per liter, it was necessary to use the AF-EMIS unit conversion feature. There is a button labeled "Convert" near the Units data field; clicking the mouse pointer on this button converts these units to a weight percentage.

VOC information was found either on a MSDS or in HMIS, typically under the Physical Characteristics section. Occasionally, the VOC concentration was included in the ingredients information or transportation data section.

Care must be taken to note whether the VOC concentration is reported in terms of weight or volume. MSDSs and the HMIS ingredients information typically noted weight or volume units. In the HMIS Physical Characteristics section, the VOC concentration was reported in terms of volume. When VOC units were presented in terms of volume only, data was entered with respect to volume as this provided a reasonable estimate of the VOC weight concentration. Verification of volume-based VOC concentrations were based on a review of the

actual ingredients; adjustments were made for some VOC concentrations after this review.

Specific Gravity and Density. The specific gravity and density of the HAZMAT were available from a MSDS or HMIS for nearly all of the authorized materials. When the MSDS or HMIS did not have a specific gravity or density, the HAZMAT was typically a solid; the specific gravity and density were given for some solid materials. The specific gravity was located in the Physical Characteristics section of HMIS. The density, reported in pounds per gallon, was calculated by multiplying the specific gravity by the density of water, 8.34 pounds per gallon.

<u>Vapor Pressure</u>, <u>Type</u>, and <u>Measure Temperature</u>. These data fields represent the vapor pressure, with units (pounds per square inch or mm Hg) and reference temperature of the HAZMAT. Approximately one half of the materials had a vapor pressure sufficiently high enough to report (above 0.01 mm Hg). The remaining materials were solids or liquids with low vapor pressures, such as oil.

As previously mentioned, corrections were required for electronically imported vapor pressures. For these data fields, AF-EMIS would import the vapor pressure and temperature into the same vapor pressure data field. For example, a vapor pressure of "50@70 (mm Hg@°F)" sometimes was imported in the vapor pressure field as 5070 mm Hg.

<u>Label Information – Health Hazard (2 data fields, NFPA and HMIS).</u> These data field, along with the next two data fields, are used to print OSHA-compliant labels. This data field can be entered in one of two ways or both. First, under National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), the Health Hazard pick-list data field provides five options relating to the material's relative threat to human health: 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4. Second, under Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS, not to be confused with Hazardous Material Information System),

another five options for a material's relative health hazard are provided: minimal, slight, moderate, serious, and severe. Both data fields depict the same information because option 0 under NFPA is the same as minimal under Hazardous Material Identification System. In addition, 1 is equivalent to slight, 2 is equivalent to moderate, 3 is equivalent to serious, and 4 is equivalent to severe. PES populated both data fields for Health Hazard based on information from the Hazardous Material Information System or a MSDS.

<u>Label Information - Fire Hazard (2 data fields, NFPA and HMIS).</u> The Fire Hazard data field represents the material's degree of flammability. There are two pick-lists with the same options and reference sources as the Health Hazard data field.

<u>Label Information - Reactivity (2 data fields, NFPA and HMIS).</u> The Reactivity data field represents the material's degree of reactivity. There are two pick-lists with the same options and reference sources as the Health Hazard data field.

<u>Specific Hazard.</u> This pick-list data field represents a particular warning about the material. The six options for this warning are as follows: "acid", "alk" (alkaline), "cor" (corrosive), "no water" (water reactive), "oxy" (oxidizer), and "rad" (radioactive). Either a MSDS or HMIS was used as the source of this information.

<u>Target Organs</u>. Organs that the material could affect, available from a MSDS or HMIS, were listed in this data field. This data field allows for the selection of multiple target organs using the following procedure. First, the "New" button, located to the right of the Target Organ data field, was selected with the mouse pointer. Next, one of the available target organs was selected and the "OK" button was pressed with the mouse pointer. If additional target organs required listing in AF-EMIS for the material, this procedure was repeated.

<u>Container Type</u>. This data field is identical to the Type Data Field in the NSN Record. The "NSN" button on page one of the CAGE Record Screen can be used to assure the two data fields match.

Chemical Form. This data field represents the chemical form as defined by EPCRA Form R reporting. There are two options provided in the pick-list; pure or mixture. The majority of hazardous materials used on Base are mixtures. Mixtures are identified as materials that contain more than one constituent. Alternatively, materials that consist entirely of one constituent (i.e., 100 percent concentration) are pure materials. Care must be taken check for the number of constituents reported on a MSDS and the percent concentration of the constituents. There are many circumstances when a MSDS reports only one hazardous constituent; however, it is at a concentration of less than 100 percent (therefore reported as a mixture). The reason for this is that the remaining concentration is non-hazardous and is not required to be reported on the MSDS.

Constituent CAS and Name. The constituent data fields were populated by using the "Constituents" button located on the bottom left portion of the second screen. The Constituent CAS data field is a pick-list of the CAS numbers from the CAS records. Upon entering the CAS number from HMIS or a MSDS in the data field, the corresponding chemical typically appeared. Sometimes no chemical name would appear or the chemical name that appeared was incorrect. This situation resulted because either the CAS was not in the AF-EMIS CAS records or the HMIS CAS number was incorrect. If the AF-EMIS Import MSDS feature was used, such constituents would not be imported. In such cases, a search for the chemical name using the CAS pick-list search was utilized which allowed PES to locate the needed constituents. Material constituents listed in HMIS with generic names, such as additives, were not entered into AF-EMIS.

PES entered/validated approximately 3,500 constituents into the McChord AFB AF-EMIS database. Some of this effort was required to replace constituent data lost when a new CAGE record was created to correct for the improperly entered CAGE Versions.

Constituent Concentration Minimum, Maximum, Concentration Units, and Percent By Weight or Volume. These data fields all relate to the amount of constituent in an authorized HAZMAT. The Minimum and Maximum data fields represent the numeric minimum and maximum concentrations of the constituent in the authorized HAZMAT. If a single value was shown in HMIS, this value was entered for both fields. The Concentration Units data field provided three options for the minimum and maximum concentrations: parts per million (ppm), parts per billion (ppb), or percent (%). In all cases, PES entered the concentration in percent. When percent is selected from the units data field, another data field appears; percent by weight or volume. Most HMIS records and MSDSs reported concentrations in percent by weight; however, a few constituent concentrations were reported in units other than weight percentages. These concentration units were clearly identified as ppm, ppb, or volume percent. If the concentration units were specified as units other than weight percent, those units were used. If the concentration units were not specified, weight percent units were selected because this is the typical unit reported on a MSDS.

EPCRA Physical State. This data field represents the constituent state as defined by EPCRA Form R reporting. The following states are available in the pick-list: solid, liquid, gas, fine powder or dust, fibrous, molten, dissolved in solution, and fume. The majority of constituents were either a solid, liquid or gas. The remaining options apply to only a few chemicals (i.e., fibrous aluminum oxide).

TRI Qualifier. The TRI Qualifier data field is used to identify the physical or chemical state of certain constituents. It does not appear for all constituents because it is not applicable to all constituents. An example constituent where this data field appears is aluminum, where the TRI Qualifier pick-list options of fume or dust appear. For this example, if the material aluminum that is contained in this material is either a fume or dust, select the respective TRI Qualifier data option; If neither options apply, leave it blank.

This data field is based on the EPCRA regulations for reporting the storage and use of hazardous materials. In some instances, aluminum being one of them, only certain forms of the chemical are hazardous or reportable with respect to EPCRA reporting.

This data field does not appear often since there are few materials which are hazardous and/or EPCRA reportable in limited physical or chemical states. PES entered less than 10 TRI Qualifier data fields for the approximately 3,500 constituents entered.

It should be noted that AF-EMIS does not account for the generation of EPCRAregulated materials from reaction of air emissions. Care must be taken to account for such scenarios as they are required for EPCRA reporting. THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

7.0 AUTHORIZATION RECORD DATA ENTRY/VALIDATION PROCEDURES

The sources of information needed to enter/validate the Authorization record data fields that the Base AF-EMIS stake holders wanted updated were as follows: Form 3952, Add Authorization Request Worksheets, and HMIS or MSDS. The AF-EMIS Authorization Record screens consist of one Authorization selection screen, twelve request screens, two certification screens and five review screens. These screens are included as Figures 7.1 through 7.20. Table 7.1 lists the authorization data fields to be populated; the source of information PES used to update each; and the number of times data were entered for each data field.

The most significant revision to the Hazardous Material Module from AF-EMIS Version 5.1 to Version 6.0 involved the authorization process. The major benefit is that the entire authorization process, from initial request to final approval, can be performed electronically without using paper. The new system is also flexible enough that the existing "paper system" of Form 3952 submittal and approval can be retained. Each Base can determine which authorization method best "fits" Base operations and set up AF-EMIS accordingly based on three options.

The first "paperless" authorization process is called "Authorized Work Flow". The option is initiated by a Shop representative entering data into a series of "Add Authorization Request" screens in AF-EMIS. This data is identical to the data that would normally be manually written on a hard copy Form 3952 (which a newly revised version now exists). Many of the data fields on these screens are required to be populated, otherwise the AF-EMIS system will not allow the record to be saved and progress to the next step.

FIGURE 7.1 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION SELECTION RECORD SCREEN

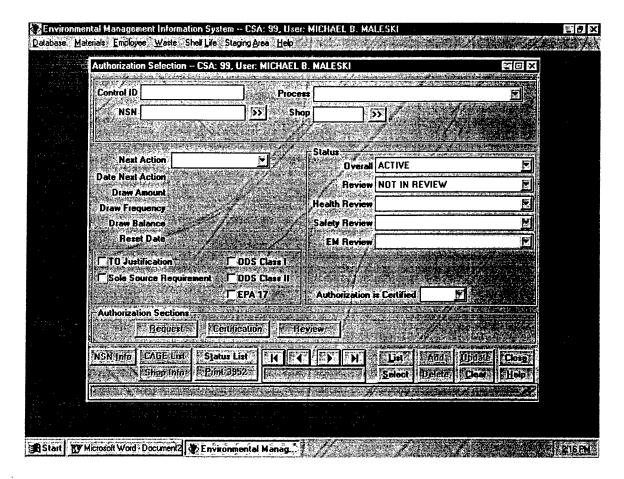


FIGURE 7.2 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REQUEST RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 1 OF 12

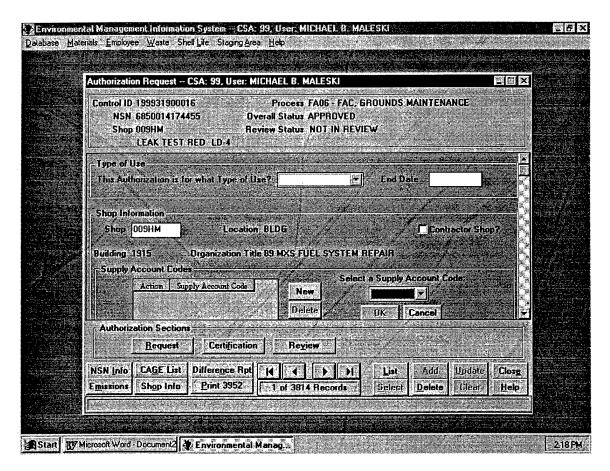


FIGURE 7.3
AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REQUEST RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 2 OF 12

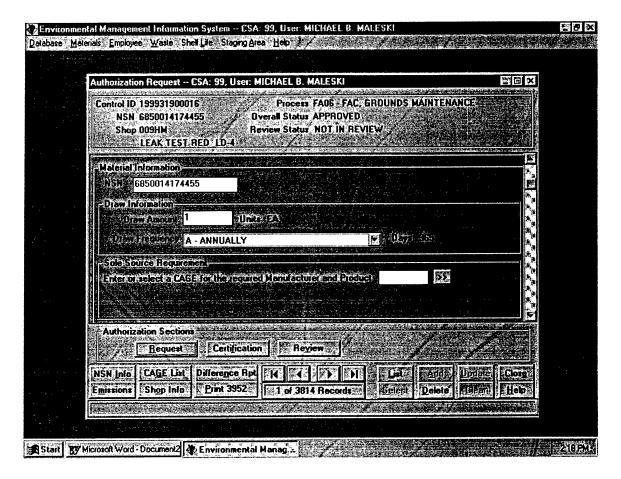


FIGURE 7.4 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REQUEST RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 3 OF 12

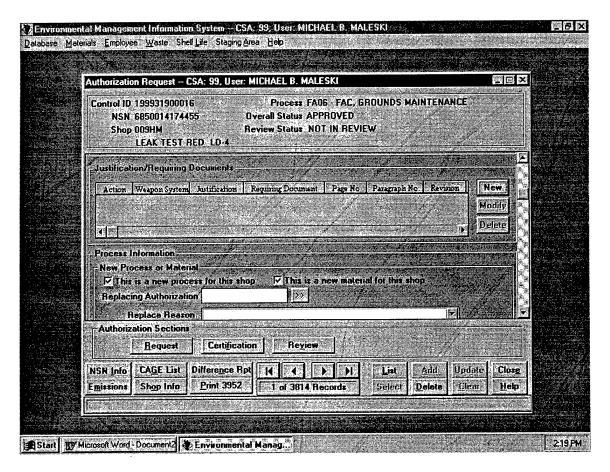


FIGURE 7.5
AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REQUEST RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 4 OF 12

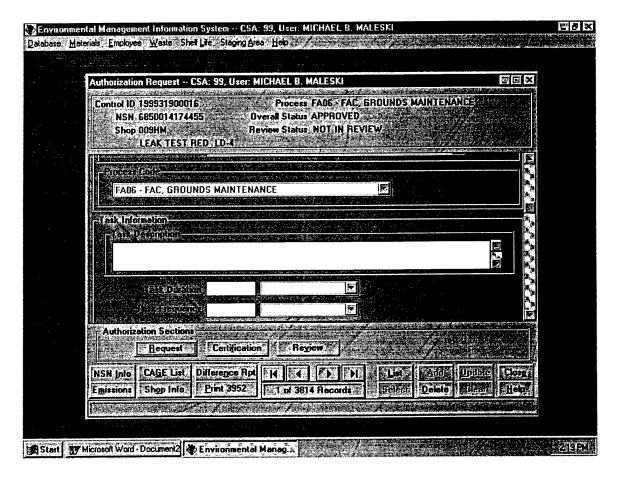


FIGURE 7.6
AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REQUEST RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 5 OF 12

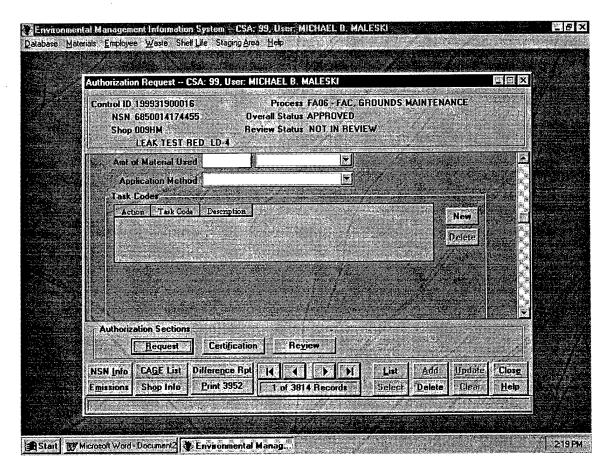


FIGURE 7.7
AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REQUEST RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 6 OF 12

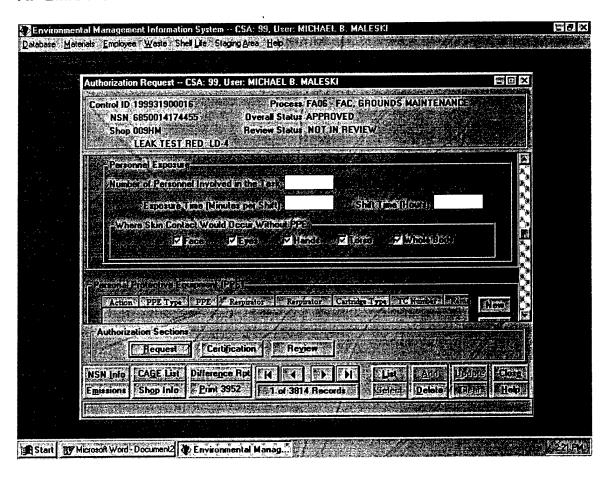


FIGURE 7.8
AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REQUEST RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 7 OF 12

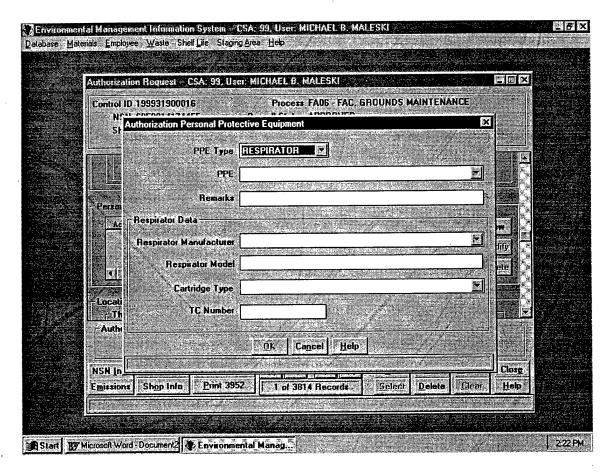


FIGURE 7.9 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REQUEST RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 8 OF 12

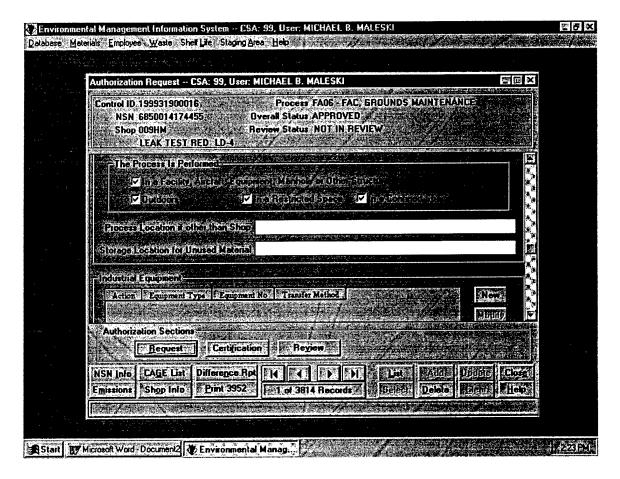


FIGURE 7.10 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REQUEST RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 9 OF 12

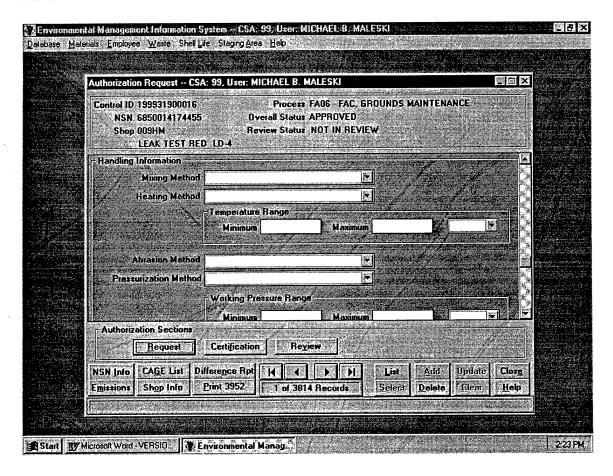


FIGURE 7.11 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REQUEST RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 10 OF 12

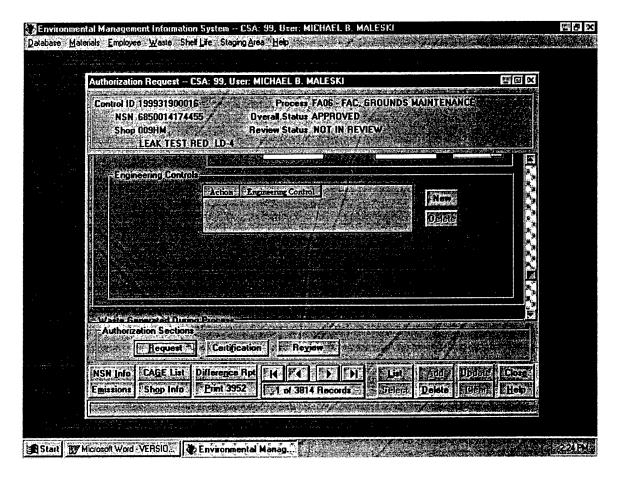


FIGURE 7.12 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REQUEST RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 11 OF 12

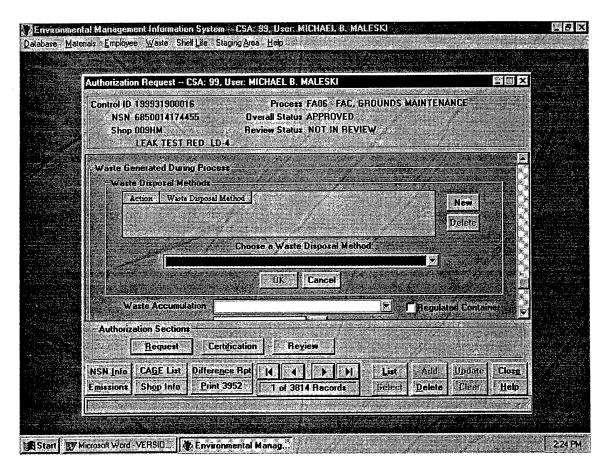


FIGURE 7.13 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REQUEST RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 12 OF 12

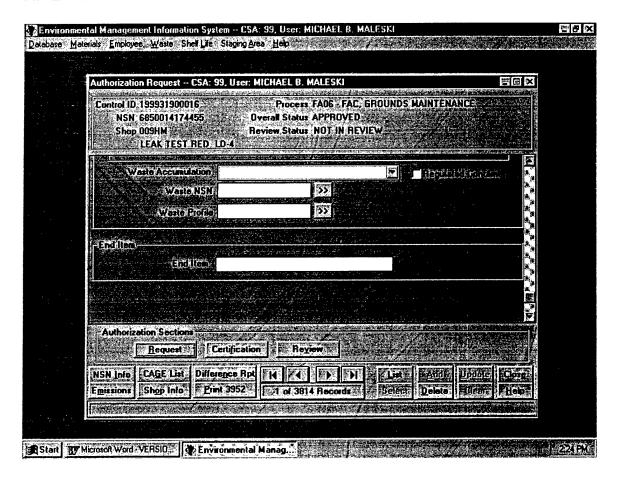


FIGURE 7.14 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION CERTIFICATION RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 1 OF 2

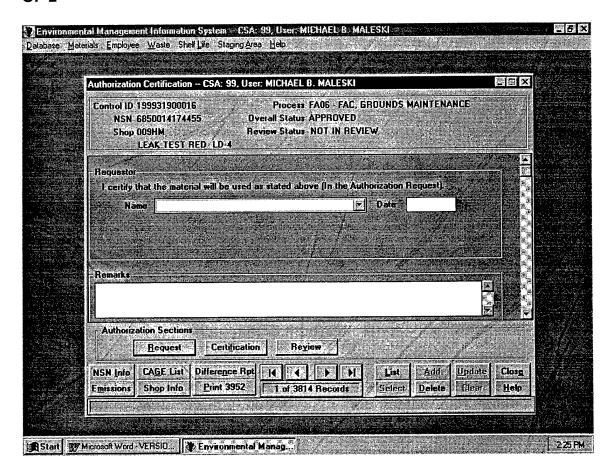


FIGURE 7.15 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION CERTIFICATION RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 2 OF 2

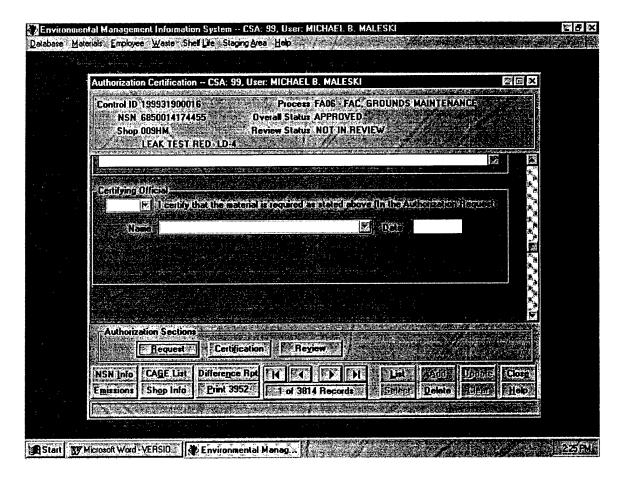


FIGURE 7.16 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REVIEW RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 1 OF 5

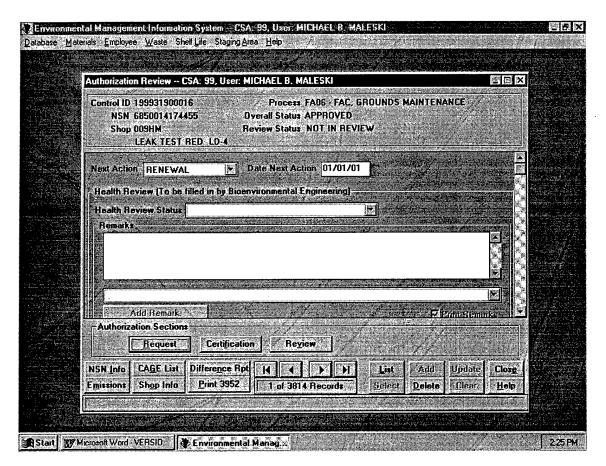


FIGURE 7.17 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REVIEW RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 2 OF 5

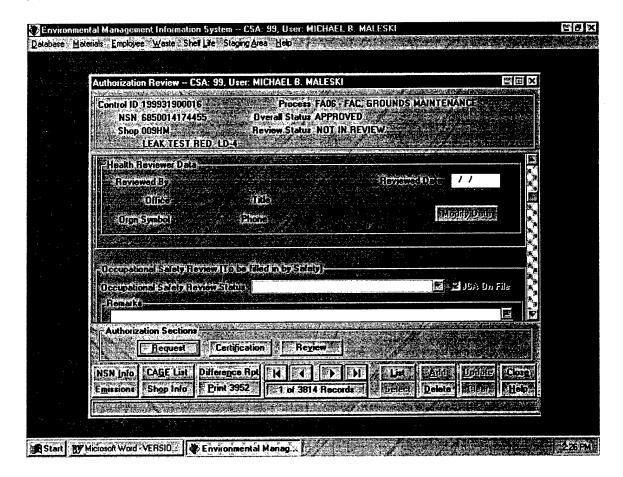


FIGURE 7.18
AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REVIEW RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 3 OF 5

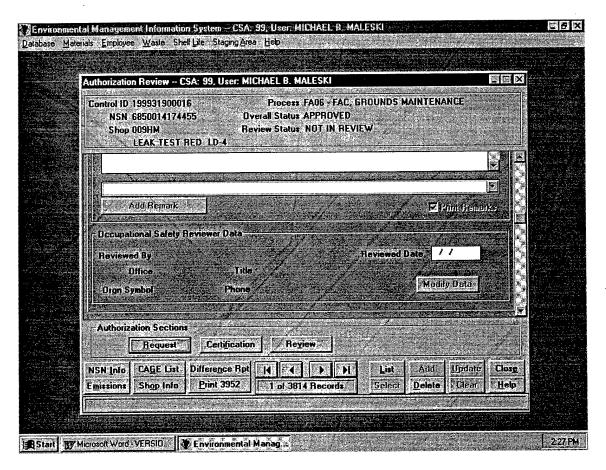


FIGURE 7.19 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REVIEW RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 4 OF 5

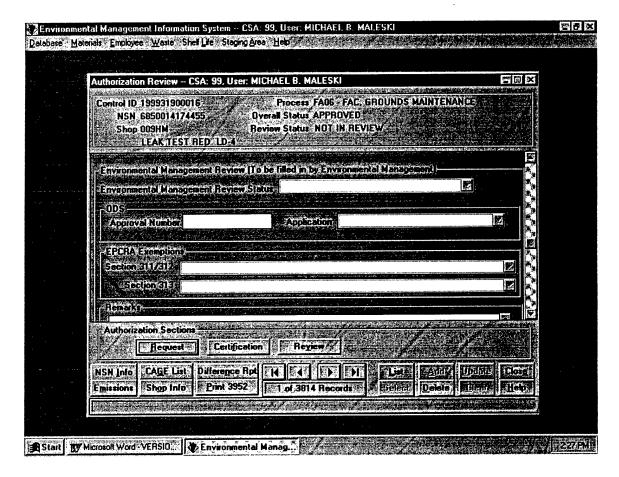


FIGURE 7.20 AF-EMIS AUTHORIZATION REVIEW RECORD SCREEN NUMBER 5 OF 5

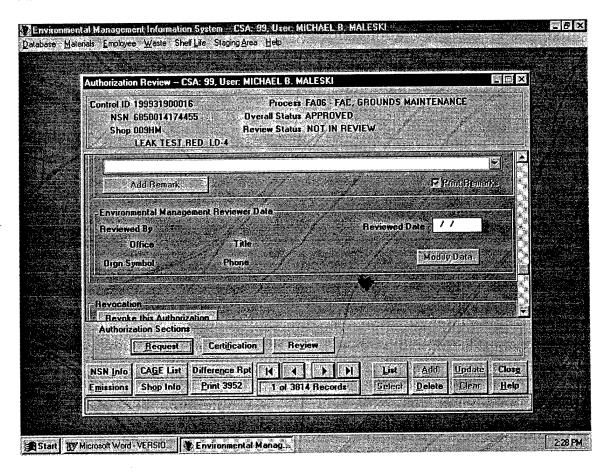


Table 7.1. Authorization Record Data Fields with Sources of Information
and Number of PES Entries

Data Field	Source of / Information	Number of PES
Type of Use	Form 3952 / AARW*	218
End Date	Form 3952 / AARW*	244
Shop Code	Form 3952 / AARW*	13
Contractor Shop	Form 3952 / AARW*	5
Supply Account Codes	Form 3952 / AARW*	734
NSN	Form 3952 / AARW*	40
Draw Amount	Form 3952 / AARW*	33
Draw Frequency	Form 3952 / AARW*	105
Justification - Weapon System	Form 3952 / AARW*	99
Justification - Justification (Tech. Order)	Form 3952 / AARW*	114
Justification - Requiring Document	Form 3952 / AARW*	110
Justification - Page Number	Form 3952 / AARW*	106
Justification - Para. Number	Form 3952 / AARW*	107
Justification - Date	Form 3952 / AARW*	99
Justification - Revision	Form 3952 / AARW*	99
Justification - Remarks	Form 3952 / AARW*	6
New Process?	Form 3952 / AARW*	5
New Material?	Form 3952 / AARW*	5
Authorization Replace Another	Form 3952 / AARW*	15
ID for Replaced Authorization	Form 3952 / AARW*	34
Authorization Replacement Reason	Form 3952 / AARW*	16
Process Code	Form 3952 / AARW*	29
Task Description	Form 3952 / AARW*	271
Task Duration with Units	Form 3952 / AARW*	212
Task Frequency with Units	Form 3952 / AARW*	232
Amount of Material Used per Task with Units	Form 3952 / AARW*	274
Material Application Method	Form 3952 / AARW*	218
PPE Type	HMIS / MSDS / Form 3952 / AARW*	288
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	HMIS / MSDS / Form 3952 / AARW*	452
PPE Remarks	HMIS / MSDS / Form 3952 / AARW*	40
PPE - Respirator Manufacturer (Required with Respirator Only)	HMIS / MSDS / Form 3952 / AARW*	64
PPE - Respirator Model (Required with Respirator Only)	HMIS / MSDS / Form 3952 / AARW*	43
PPE - Respirator Cartridge Type (Required with Respirator Only)	HMIS / MSDS / Form 3952 / AARW*	4 .
PPE - Respirator TC Number	HMIS / MSDS / Form 3952 / AARW*	0
Is Process Performed in Facility, Aircraft, or Other Structure?	Form 3952 / AARW*	64
Is Process Performed Outdoors?	Form 3952 / AARW*	125
Material Transfer Method	Form 3952 / AARW*	3
Is Material Mixed?	Form 3952 / AARW*	15
Material Mixing Method	Form 3952 / AARW*	12
Is Material Heated?	Form 3952 / AARW*	11
Material Heating Method	Form 3952 / AARW*	11

Table 7.1 (Concluded)					
Data Field	Source of Information	Number of PES Entries			
Heated Material Temperature Min.,	Form 3952 / AARW*	0			
Max., and Units					
Material Abrasion Method	Form 3952 / AARW*	1			
Is Material Pressurized	Form 3952 / AARW*	2			
Material Pressurization Method	Form 3952 / AARW*	2			
Material Pressure Min., Max., and Units	Form 3952 / AARW*	0			
Are Engineering Controls in Use?	Form 3952 / AARW*	60			
Engineering Control Type	Form 3952 / AARW*	71			
Waste Handling Method	Form 3952 / AARW*	277			
End Item	Form 3952 / AARW*	0			
Name of Requestor	Form 3952 / AARW*	317			
Request Data	Form 3952 / AARW*	311			
Is Authorization Request Certified?	Form 3952 / AARW*	309			
Name of Certifier	Form 3952 / AARW*	244			
Certified Date	Form 3952 / AARW*	222			
Certifier Remarks	Form 3952 / AARW*	63			
Next Action	Form 3952 / AARW*	18			
Date Next Action	Form 3952 / AARW*	32			
Health Review Status	Form 3952 / AARW*	302			
Health Review Remarks (General)	Form 3952 / AARW*	142			
Health Review Remarks (Canned)	Form 3952 / AARW*	8			
Health Review Date	Form 3952 / AARW*	180			
Health Review Person	Form 3952 / AARW*	175			
Safety Review Status	Form 3952 / AARW*	306			
Safety Review Remarks (General)	Form 3952 / AARW*	150			
Safety Review Remarks (Canned)	Form 3952 / AARW*	11 .			
Safety Review Date	Form 3952 / AARW*	161			
Safety Review Person	Form 3952 / AARW*	161			
Environmental Management (EM)	Form 3952 / AARW*				
Review Status		300			
EM Review Remarks (General	Form 3952 / AARW*	152			
EM Review Remarks (Canned)	Form 3952 / AARW*	11			
EM Review Date	Form 3952 / AARW*	171			
EM Review Person	Form 3952 / AARW*	170			

^{*}AARW - Add Authorization Request Worksheet.

After the Authorization Request is entered, it appears in a series of electronic queues or "in boxes" of the organizations that must certify or review the authorization. These organizations include, but are not limited to, the Shop, BE, CE, and SE; other organizations can be added to the review cycle and the order of review can be altered through the System Administration Module. The Shop appears in the queue for certification only. The Authorization Request only appears in the queue under a specific AF-EMIS Menu for certain database users that are given reviewing rights for certain organizations. Both the reviewing rights and the organizations are assigned using the System Administration Module. For instance, "BE Reviewer Number 1" is given reviewing BE privileges in AF-EMIS. The "BE Reviewer Number 1" is only allowed to view and review Authorization Requests that are in the BE queue. The designated reviewers know that a request is in their queue by logging into AF-EMIS and checking under the AF-EMIS Menus: 1) Materials; 2) Authorization Work Flow; and then 3) the specific reviewing organization. Reviewers should check their queues at certain intervals, perhaps once per week, to allow for timely review of authorization requests.

Returning to the flow of the Authorization Request, it moves to the first queue (certification by Shop) for certification. After the reviewer has reviewed the data loaded into the Add Authorization Requests screens, he/she should either enter Yes or No when asked if the Authorization is certified or not. If it is certified, the Authorization Request moves to the review queues (BE, SE, then CE, etc.). If it is not certified, the Authorization Request Work Flow is terminated. Regardless, the reviewer's name automatically appears in the "Reviewed By" Data Field since they are logged into the system. This feature acts as a "signature" on a Form 3952. After (if) the Authorization Request is reviewed and approved by all reviewing organizations, the Authorization Record is now complete and the Shop can have the authorized material issued to them. If, after the review cycle is

over, a hard copy of a Form 3952 is needed for the authorization, one can be printed from the AF-EMIS database.

The second option does not include the electronic queue process of the Authorization Work Flow option. This option is called "Authorized Simple" process. It is identical to the Authorization Work Flow option except one person enters and certifies an Authorization Request while another person performs all of the reviews. The third option, the "Simple" process, allows for one person to enter, certify and review an Authorization Request. The advantage of "simple" option is that a Base can retain the process of filling out and reviewing hard copy Form 3952s and one person can enter all of the data.

McChord AFB is utilizing the Authorization Simple option. However, Shop personnel will not be entering Authorization Request information into AF-EMIS; other designated Base personnel are assigned this task. Shop personnel will provide these designated Base personnel with a hard copy of an Add Authorization Request Worksheet, which mirrors the Authorization Request screens in AF-EMIS.

As discussed in Section 1.3, PES found over 4,000 Authorization Records in the AF-EMIS database, but only 3,855 were active. At the conclusion of PES' data Authorization 318 Records completely activities, there were entry updated/validated by PES at McChord AFB. An additional 3,537 Add Authorization Request Worksheets need to be completed by Shops before the Authorization Records for all materials issued in the past two years can be completely updated. It is possible that the remaining 3,537 worksheets noted above will decrease if the Shops no longer need some materials that were issued in the past.

While PES was performing data entry, the authorization configuration was set to "Authorized Simple". This allowed the PES team to electronically "certify" and "review" each authorization that had an approved hard copy Form 3952.

One advantage of obtaining new Add Authorization Request Worksheets at McChord AFB is that old versions of Form 3952s do not include every data field that is required to be populated in the AF-EMIS Authorization Record. This did prove to be a significant disadvantage for the "old" Form 3952s as PES could not populate the new required, additional data fields. Therefore, PES did not change the existing approved Authorization Record. This strategy was adopted because any change to an existing record requires all the additional data fields to be populated. Since PES was not provided the required information, no value could be added to the database.

Populating the Authorization Record is the last step in entering/validating authorized materials in AF-EMIS. Because the authorized NSN and shop numbers have been established to create the NSN and Shop Records, respectively, these numbers were available for entry into/validation of the Authorization record.

Type of Use. The Type of Use pick-list data field provides three options: one-time, limited, and recurring. The one-time option is for authorized materials that will be obtained/used once; if the material is needed again, a new authorization must be completed. The recurring option is for materials that are required continuously at specified intervals (i.e., two cans per week). The limited option was not needed.

This data field was populated or validated using data from the Form 3952 or Add Authorization Request Worksheet. The majority of authorizations at Fairchild AFB are "recurring".

<u>End Date</u>. This data field must be filled in if the Type of Use Data Field is populated with "One-Time" or "Limited". It specifies the expiration date of the authorization. If "Recurring" is selected during an Add Authorization Request, this data field does not appear; it is set-up by default to expire one year from initial data entry. The Date Next Action Data Field, which is discussed later in this section, can be changed to revise the one-year expiration.

<u>Shop Code</u>. This data field identifies the shop that is authorized to use the specific material. The shop code was obtained from the Form 3952 or the Add Authorization Request Worksheet. This data field required population only for new authorizations.

<u>Contractor Shop</u>. This field is used to declare if a shop is operated by a contractor. There were only two shops at Fairchild AFB that were exclusively operated by a contractor.

<u>Supply Account Code</u>. This data field represents the supply account(s) that each Shop is provided to procure materials. When the shop code is selected, the Supply Account Code pick-list data field (actually a separate window) will appear. The pick-list contains a list of all supply account codes that are assigned to the shop in the Shop Record. Since the purpose of AF-EMIS is to regulate the use of hazardous materials for a specific shop and not supply accounts within a shop, all supply account codes assigned to a shop were selected for the Authorization Record. PES entered 734 supply account codes.

NSN. The NSN data field was entered or validated from data on the Form 3952 or Add Authorization Request Worksheet. As previously discussed in this section, most of the authorizations were already entered into AF-EMIS. PES entered an additional 40 authorizations from Add Authorization Request Worksheets.

<u>Draw Amount and Draw Frequency</u>. These data fields represent the quantity of material a shop is authorized to be issued over a given period of time, e.g., two cans per week. These data fields were typically populated incorrectly. PES updated/populated these data fields with revised data approximately 910 times. Nearly all existing authorizations had been entered as one per month.

The Draw Frequency field is a pick-list consisting of the following time periods: daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, annually, greater than annually, and one-time only. If the frequency shown on the Form 3952 or Add Authorization Request Worksheet did not match any of the pick-list frequencies, PES entered a draw amount and frequency that was equivalent to the value on the Form 3952 or Add Authorization Request Worksheet (e.g., four cans per week would be entered for eight cans bi-weekly).

Sole Source Requirement and Sole Source CAGE. The Sole Source Requirement (Yes/No options) and Sole Source CAGE data fields are used, if desired, to specify a specific CAGE (manufacturer) of the material being requested. If a specific material manufacturer is required, "Yes" is selected for Sole Source Requirement and the CAGE code is selected from the Sole Source CAGE pick-list. Very few such requirements were necessary at McChord AFB.

<u>Justification – Weapon System</u>. This data field indicates any weapon systems that require the use of the particular HAZMAT. A pick-list containing codes was used to populate this data filed. Approximately one-quarter of all justifications created had a weapon system specified, usually specified in the title of the Technical Order.

<u>Justification – Justification</u>. The justification data field is a pick-list containing the type of document that contains the justification for the use of the HAZMAT.

Typically, the justification was either a Technical Order or Manufacturer's Manual.

<u>Justification – Requiring Document</u>. This pick-list contained specific titles of justifications specified under the justification data field. If a specific title was not on the pick-list, the system administration module was used to add the title to the appropriate base-maintained table; approximately 114 titles were added to this pick-list.

<u>Justification – Page Number, Paragraph Number, Date, and Revision Number.</u>
These data fields represent the page number, paragraph number, date and revision number of the exact justification specified under the Requiring Document Data Field. This data, along with all justification data, was specified on the Form 3952 or Add Authorization Request Worksheet. Approximately one-third of the justifications entered contained this data.

<u>New Process</u>. This data field is a simple yes or no question regarding if the process is new for the shop. "No" was selected for all.

New Material. This data field is the same as the New Process data field except it pertains to a new material. PES selected "No" for all but 16 authorizations.

Will This Authorization Replace Another Authorization (Different Process or Material)? This data field asks if the Authorization Record is replacing another due to a change in process code or material. If an Authorization is being replaced, the Control ID Data Field must be populated with the Control ID of the old Authorization Record. The Control ID is assigned by AF-EMIS when a request is generated and can be located using the Authorization Selection screen. Another data field, Replace Reason, must be populated based on options from a pick-list. It represents the reason for the authorization being

replaced (e.g., changed process code, which was typical and added to the appropriate base-maintained table).

Process Code. The Process Code is a four character code (two-letters followed by two numbers) that indicates the process operations that occur in the shop, such as industrial soldering. This field was populated using a pick-list established in the Shop records.

Task Description. This is a large text box to be used to describe the material's purpose and how the material is used. PES found this data field not to be populated for all records. PES entered text for all authorizations for which the description was included on the Form 3952 or Add Authorization Request Nearly all of the Form 3952s and Add Authorization Request Worksheet. Worksheets included some description of how the material was used.

Task Duration and Duration Units. This data field is used to reflect how long it takes to perform the task. A number is entered in the first field and appropriate units of time are chosen from a pick-list in the second field (e.g., two hours). If appropriate duration units are not available, they must be added to the appropriate base-maintained table.

Task Frequency and Frequency Units. Task Frequency is how often the task is performed. A number is entered in the first field and then units are chosen from a pick-list in the second field (e.g., one quarterly).

Amount of Material Used in Task with Units. The Amount of Material Used in Task data field is intended to estimate the amount of material that will be used in the performance of the task; however, PES found the pick-list choices offered in AF-EMIS did not always accurately reflect the true performance of the material. In some shops (e.g., Transportation Maintenance) the amount of material used

varies per task. The fact that the pick-list associated with this data field is not a base-maintained table, does not allow accurate task performance characteristics to be shown.

<u>Application Method</u>. This data field is a pick-list that contains several material application methods. It is a base maintained table; if it does not contain the required data, it must be added through the System Administration Module.

Will Personal Protective Equipment Be Worn During This Process?; PPE Type; PPE Remarks; and PPE Respirator Manufacturer, Model, Cartridge and TC Number. This Personal Protective Equipment Section asks the question "Will PPE be worn during this process?" If the answer to the initial question is Yes, then the Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) data box appears. The PPE can be entered/validated by clicking the "New" button located to the right of the PPE data field box. PPE was entered if needed, based on information taken from the control measures section of HMIS. The PPE section contains the data fields PPE Type, PPE and Remarks. PES discovered that the PPE Type was initially set to "unknown" as a result of the upgrade to Version 6.0. The type "Unknown" was not an option; therefore PES had to access the System Administration Module and assign the PPE type in the Base Maintained Table "PPE" (e.g., PPE Type: Hands, PPE: Nitrile Rubber Gloves).

For most PPE, the data fields PPE Type, PPE and Remarks are all that are populated; however if the PPE Type is Respirator, the Respirator Data area of the screen will appear. In this section the Respirator Manufacturer, Respirator Model, Cartridge Type, and Testing and Certification (TC) Number are entered if available.

Is the Process Performed in a Facility, Aircraft, Manhole or Other Structure?; Is the Process Performed Outdoors? These data fields are all yes/no questions.

Will industrial Equipment be Used?, Equipment Type, Equipment Number, and Transfer Method. These data fields involve whether or not industrial equipment is used. If the answer to this question is Yes, then the Industrial Equipment data box appears. This box contains the following data fields: Equipment Type, Equipment Number, and Transfer Method. The Equipment Type and Transfer Method are selected from a pick-list (e.g., Equipment Type: Open Tanks, Transfer Method: Pumped).

Material Handling Information Data Fields (13 data fields). These data fields involve a series of questions pertaining to mixing, heating, abrading, and pressurizing of the hazardous material. These questions are asked to determine whether any of these actions will occur during the use of the material. If the answer to the Mixing question is Yes, then the data field Mixing Method appears. A specific choice can be made form a pick-list. If the answer to the Heating or Pressurizing questions is Yes, then a method must be chosen from a pick-list. In addition, minimum and maximum temperatures and/or pressures must be added along with the appropriate units of measure (i.e., pounds per square inch or pressure). Also, an abrasion method must be selected from the Abrasion Method pick-list.

Will Engineering Controls be used during the process? and Engineering Controls. The first data field is a yes/no question. If the answer to the question is Yes, then the Engineering Controls data field box appears. Clicking the "new" button can access this field. The appropriate control method can be chosen from a pick-list (e.g., Exhaust Fan).

<u>Waste Disposal Method</u>. The Waste Disposal Method data field is a pick-list with several options for the anticipated method of disposing of the material, such as "Consumed in Use", "Drummed/Containerized", and "Recycled Off-Site". This data field is primarily used for the method of disposal for the material, not the

material's container. AF-EMIS Version 6.0 allows more than one disposal method to be added to the Waste Disposal Method data field box. PES included the container disposal method if available (e.g., "Return to Hazmat Pharmacy").

After these data fields are populated, the Authorization Request must be certified by a designated Shop Certifier. The procedure for certification for the "Authorization Work Flow" is described near the beginning of this section. However, PES "certified" authorizations in the "Simple" process. Certification of an authorization request is done through the Authorization Selection screen when AF-EMIS is configured in the Authorization Simple Option. The Authorization Selection screen is accessed through the Materials Module by clicking on Authorization. Once at the Authorization Selection screen, the NSN and Shop Code were inputted, the Overall Status data field was changed to empty, and the Select button was clicked. Once the Authorization Record has been located, the Certification button was selected. If AF-EMIS is configured in the Authorization Workflow option, the certifier can access the certification screen from the Materials Module by clicking on Authorization Work Flow, then Certify Request.

The Certification screen contains data fields for the Requestor and Certifier as well as a large text box for comments. The Requestor data field is automatically populated with the AF-EMIS user's log-on ID. The certifier name can be selected from a pick-list. The PES data entry team had to initially load the certifiers' names as a Shop Certifier for each shop at McChord AFB currently loaded in AF-EMIS. Adding a Shop Certifier is done on page 2 of the Shop Record screen. A name can be added to the list by clicking on the "Shop Certifier" button, then click New and add the desired information.

PES designated itself as both Shop Requestor and Shop Certifier then added the following comment: "PES updated data as provided by McChord AFB, data

was requested by "Name (if available)", Phone, Date. PES updated data as provided by McChord AFB, data was certified by "Name (if available)", Phone, Date." PES populated this data 317 times.

After the Authorization Request is certified, it must be reviewed by the reviewing organizations. Review of an Authorization request was done through the Authorization Selection screen as AF-EMIS was configured in the Authorized Simple process for PES' data entry efforts. The Authorization Selection screen was accessed through the Materials Module by clicking on Authorization. Once at the Authorization Selection screen, the NSN and Shop Code was entered, the Overall Status data field changed to empty, and the Select button clicked. Once the Authorization Record was located, the Review button was selected. If AF-EMIS is configured in the Authorization Workflow option, the Reviewer can access the authorizations waiting for their review from the Materials Module by clicking on Authorization Work Flow, then choosing the appropriate reviewing organization.

The Review screen contains several data fields for a representative from BE, Safety, and CE (Environmental Management) to review/approve the request and enter any remarks that pertain to the approval in progress. PES designated itself as the Health, Safety, and Environmental reviewer then added the following comment to the remarks field of each reviewing organization: "PES updated data as provided by McChord AFB, data was certified by "Name (if available)", Phone, Date." PES populated this data 306 times for materials that had a Form 3952 signed by a reviewing organization.

8.0 FINAL AF-EMIS STATUS

This section summarizes the final overall status of AF-EMIS at McChord AFB after completion of data entry. In addition, remaining data gaps and issues are discussed, including proposed resolutions.

At completion of the data entry on 20 March 2000, there were 1,568 different authorized HAZMATs in the Base AF-EMIS database with either a NSN or LPN; 1,042 were items with a NSN and 525 were locally purchased items that were identified with a LPN. PES completely updated the NSN record for 1,162 of these 1,568 different materials. Of the 406 remaining NSN Records that were not completely updated, 122 were CSLs and needed a stock number. One hundred sixty-one were designated HHF, and did not need to be updated. There were eight materials lacking a stock number. Nineteen materials were missing a size for the container. There were 67 materials that were missing either an IEX Code (32) or a MSDS (35).

PES also populated/validated 1,418 of the 1,591 CAGE Records. PES could not populate the CAGE Records for 35 stock items (including local purchases) because there were no MSDS for them and PES could not find the items in HMIS. However, PES suspects that some of the stock numbers or CAGE numbers of these materials may be incorrect. For instance, some of these stock numbers (NSNs) could be found in Fedlog. It is possible that a clerical error was made when Base personnel entered the stock number onto the Form 3952 and AF-EMIS. This was definitely the case in a few instances as the correct stock numbers were found for some incorrect NSNs entered onto Form 3952s. The same could be possible for CAGE numbers as well. Base personnel should review the Form 3952s of these suspect stock numbers with the Shop point of contact to clarify the stock number and/or obtain a MSDS.

PES also could not populate the CAGE Records for the 19 materials that were lacking container size data for NSN Record purposes. In addition, the NSN records requiring IEX Codes also created data gaps in the associated CAGE Records.

PES completely updated/validated 318 Authorization Records for which Add Authorization Request Worksheets were obtained. The BSM sent an additional 1,250 Add Authorization Request Worksheets to Shops which were not returned. If Base personnel collect the missing information and enter it into AF-EMIS, the database will have a total of approximately 1,568 Authorization Records. It is possible that the remaining 1,250 worksheets noted above will decrease if the Shops no longer need some materials for which they currently are authorized.

PES submitted an Excel spreadsheet to Base personnel that lists each shop and their authorized HAZMATs. Notes were included for each HAZMAT on the spreadsheet. These notes indicated the status of each type of AF-EMIS record (i.e., NSN, CAGE, etc.) with respect to each shop's authorized HAZMAT. Additional notes described deficiencies for each shop-specific authorized HAZMAT, such as the container size is needed or if a MSDS is needed. Included in this spreadsheet was a master list of materials requiring a MSDS and/or shop input.

PES developed the spreadsheet to monitor and document its data entry progress. It was submitted to the Base to aid CE, BE, and LG personnel in filling the few data gaps that require information not available to PES during its onsite work. It also will be helpful in maintaining the database.

PES recommends the following activities to improve the overall quality of the McChord AFB AF-EMIS database:

- Hard copies of newly created Authorization Records (Form 3952s) should be printed from AF-EMIS and given to the Shop POC when a newly authorized material is issued to a Shop for the first time. The Shop POC should initially review these forms to verify the information and periodically review them to identify materials that are no longer being used. He/She should advise the person(s) responsible for maintaining AF-EMIS so that the Authorization Record can be inactivated.
- Missing information needed to completely update the Base AF-EMIS database as identified in this report should be collected and entered by the appropriate Base staff. Alternatively, a contractor should be retained for this purpose. One of the greatest needs relates to the Authorization Record. The Version 6.0 update of AF-EMIS requires considerably more data than is captured on the Form 3952. A significant effort will be required to develop this information. The Shops which will be the ultimate source of this information will require assistance in understanding and providing the needed data.
- A contractor should be used to conduct semi-annual audits of the AF-EMIS database and to update it as necessary. This activity would help ensure that the benefits of the major update performed by PES is not lost. It would also provide an assessment of how well the database is being maintained.

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APPENDIX A ADD AUTHORIZATION REQUEST WORKSHEET

AF-EMIS Authorization Request Worksheet

TYPE OF REQUEST: END DATE: (circle one) LIMITED ONE-TIME RECURRING (required for Limited & One-Time uses)									
SHOP INFORMATIO	<u>NO</u>								
SHOP CODE:SUPPLY ACCOUNT(S):(optional)									
MATERIAL INFOR	MATION								
NSN/LSN:									
DRAW INFORMATI DRAW AMOUNT:		FREQUEN	CY: (chro	ile one) Aì	INUALLY, IE TIME ON	DAILY, GREATE	R THAN YEARLY, M , SEMI-ANNUALLY,	ONTHLY WEEKLY	,
SOLE SOURCE INFORMATION DOES THIS PROCESS INVOLVE A SOLE SOURCE REQUIREMENT? (circle one) YES NO SOLE SOURCE MANUFACTURER NAME OR CAGE: SOLE SOURCE PART NUMBER/TRADE NAME:						_			
JUSTIFICATION/RE	OUIRING DOCUM CORDER OR OTHER DO	ENT CUMENT J	USTIFYI	ING THE USI	OF THE P	REQUESTED MAT	ERIAL? (circle one)	YES	NO
JUSTIFICATION	REQUIRING DOC	PAGE#	PARA	REVDATE	REV	WEAPON SYS	REMARKS		
PROCESS INFORMATION OF A	NEW WORKLOAD OR				,	res no			
IS THIS REQUEST FOR A NEW MATERIAL FOR THE SHOP? (circle one) WILL THIS AUTHORIZATION REPLACE ANOTHER AUTHORIZATION (DIFFERENT PROCESS OR MATERIAL)? (circle one) YES NO YES NO						NO			
	CONTROL ID FOR THE								
REPLACE REASON	: (optional)								
AF-EMIS PROCESS COD	DE:								,
TASK INFORMATION (MA		nd process to	which th	is material is	used):				
	•								
									ļ
L							<u></u>		
DURATION OF TASK: _				FRE	UENCY O	F TASK:			
AMOUNT OF MATERIA	L USED PER TASK:			(speci	fy units if oth	er then unit of issue)			
APPLICATION METHOD: (circle only one) BRUSH - SPRAY - APPLICATOR - SPATULA/PUTTY KNIFE - CLOTH - ROLLER - PARTS WASHER DIPPING - POURING - SQUEEZE BOTTLE - HOSE (NO SPRAY) - SPRAY GUN/NOZZLE - VAPOR CONDENSATION - NOT APPLIED									
TASK CODE(S): (options	d)								

PERSONNEL EXPOSUR NUMBER OF PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THIS TAS	šK: (optional)				ł	
EXPOSURE TIME (in Secs: optional)						
SHIFT TIME (If other than 8hr: optional)						
WOULD SKIN CONTACT OCCUR WITHOUT THE U	ISE OF PPE? (c	ircle one) YES	NO			
IF YES, WHERE WOULD SKIN CONTACT OCCUR WITHOUT PPE: (circle those that apply) FACE EYES HANDS TORSO WHOLE BODY						
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WILL PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT BE V	<u>(PPE)</u> vorn during	THIS PROCESS? (circ	le one) YES	Ю		
PPE TYPE PPE		RESPIRATOR MANUFACTURER	RESPIRATOR MODEL	RESPIRATOR CARTRIDGE TYPE	RESPIRATOR TC#	
PPE TYPE PPE		MANOPACTOREK				
BODY - FACE - FEET - HANDS RESPIRATOR - TORSO - HEAD					-	
BODY - FACE - FEET - HANDS RESPIRATOR - TORSO - HEAD						
BODY - FACE - FEET - HANDS RESPIRATOR - TORSO - HEAD						
BODY - FACE - FEET - HANDS RESPIRATOR - TORSO - HEAD						
LOCATION INFORMATION WILL THE PROCESS BE PERFORMED IN: (check all that apply) A FACILITY, AIRCRAFT, EQUIPMENT, MANHOLE OR OTHER STRUCTURE OUTDOORS SMALL OR RESTRICTED SPACE CONFINED SPACE						
WILL THE PROCESS BE PERFORMED IN A LOCATION OTHER THE THAN SHOP? (circle one) If yes, write a description of the Process Location (building number, etc.)						
WHAT IS THE STORAGE LOCATION FOR UNUSED M	(ATERIAL? _					
INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT: WILL INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT BE USED?(circle one)	YES NO	o				
EQUIPMENT TYPE	EQUIPMENT	NO (optional)	TRANSFER MET	HOD		
CLOSED TANKS			NOT TRANSFERI	ED - POURED - PUMPEI	·	
LIQUID TIGHT EQUIPMENT			NOT TRANSFERI	ED - POURED - PUMPEI	·	
MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT			NOT TRANSFERE	ED - POURED - PUMPEI)	
OPEN TANKS	ļ		NOT TRANSFERI	RED - POURED - PUMPE	·	
SPRAY BOOTH	<u> </u>		NOT TRANSFERI	RED - POURED - PUMPEI	<u> </u>	
VAPOR DEGREASER			NOT TRANSFER	RED - POURED - PUMPE	<u> </u>	
HANDLING INFORMATION WILL THE MATERIAL BE MIXED WITH ANOTHER SUBSTANCE OR SUBSTANCES? (circle one) YES NO						
MIXING METHOD: (circle only one) NOT MIXED - HAND - STIRRED - OPEN CONTAINER MIXER - CLOSED CONTAINER MIXER						
		2				

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WILL THE MATERIAL BE HEATED DURING THE PROCESS? (circle one)	YES NO
HEATING METHOD: NOT HEATED - OVEN - SOLDERING IRON - TORCH	MIN WORKING TEMP
	MAX WORKING TEMP
	TEMP. UNITS (°F/°C)
ABRASION METHOD: NOT ABRADED - WIRE BRUSH - SANDER - GRINDER	
WILL THE MATERIAL BE PRESSURIZED DURING THE PROCESS? (circle one)	YES NO
PRESSURIZATION METHOD:	MIN WORKING PRESS
NOT PRESSURIZED - AIRHOSE - HAND PUMP	MAX WORKING PRESS
	PRESS. UNITS
ENGINEERING CONTROLS IN USE DURING THE PROCESS: (circle all that apply) CANOPY HOOD - COOLING COIL - COVERED TANK - ENCLOSURES - EX WASTE GENERATED DURING PROCESS DESCRIBE THE METHOD OF DISPOSAL FOR THE WASTE THAT IS GENERATE AIR EMISSION - BULK CONTAINER - CONSUMED IN USE - DRAINED TO IN INDUSTRIAL WASTE TREATMENT PLANT (IWTP) - DRUMMED/CONTAINERIZ OTHER - REUSED - DRAINED TO SANITARY SEWER - TRASH/MUNICIPLE WASTE ACCUMULATION POINT: (optional) WASTE NSN: (optional) WASTE PROFILE: (optional) END ITEM (If other than a weapon system: optional): REMARKS (provide any additional information)	ED: (circle all that apply) INDUSTRIAL WASTE TREATMENT PLANT (IWTP) IZED - RECYCLED ON-SITE - RECYCLED OFF-SITE E WASTE
REQUESTOR REQUESTOR'S NAME:	CERTIFIER CERTIFIER'S NAME:
I certify that the material will be used as stated above.	I certify that the material is required as stated above
TITLE:	TITLE:
OFFICE/ORG SYMBOL:	OFFICE/ORG SYMBOL:
TELEPHONE #:	TELEPHONE #: DATE:
DATE:	V

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AFIERA/DOBP (STINFO) 2513 KENNEDY CIRCLE BROOKS AFB TX 78235-5123

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OFFICIAL BUSINESS